

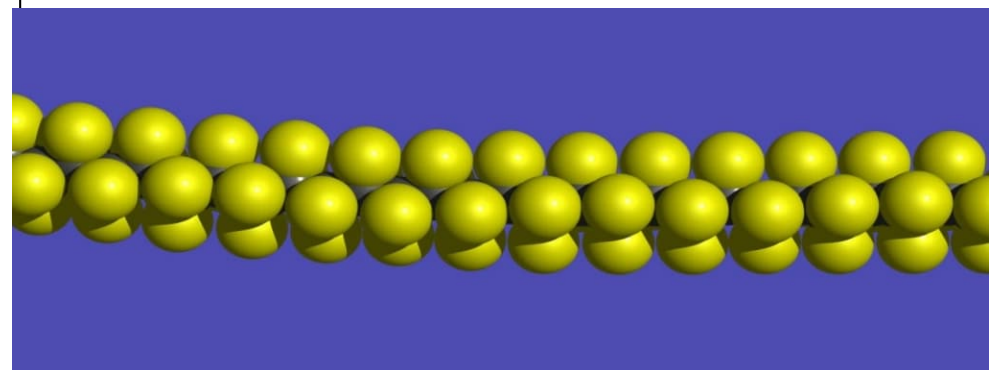
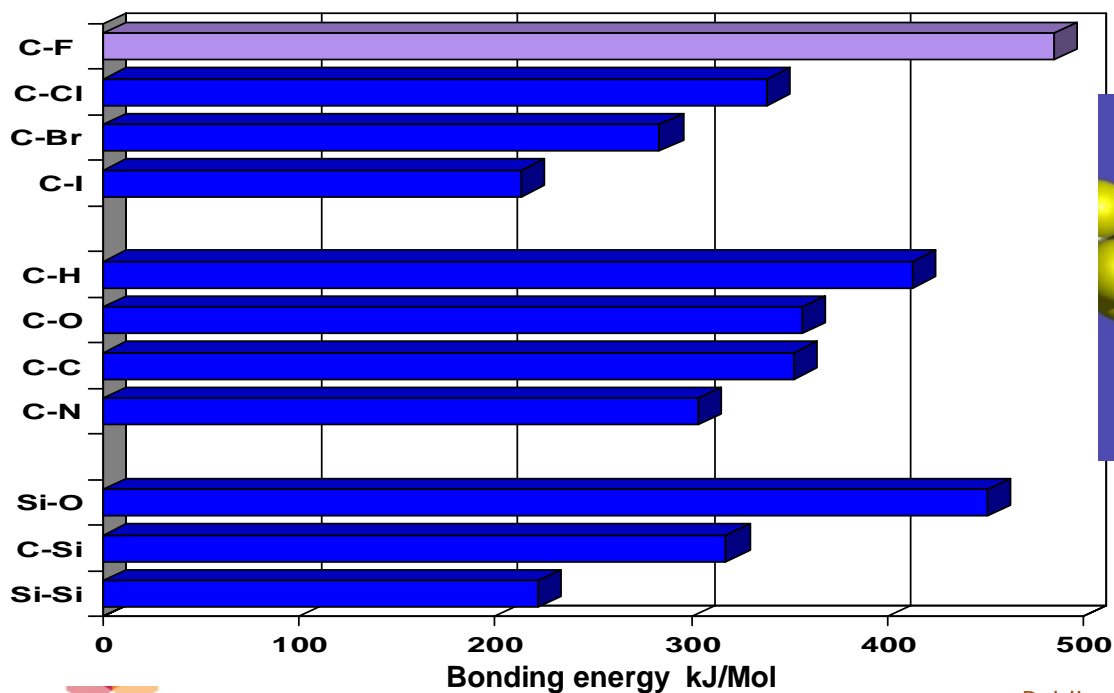
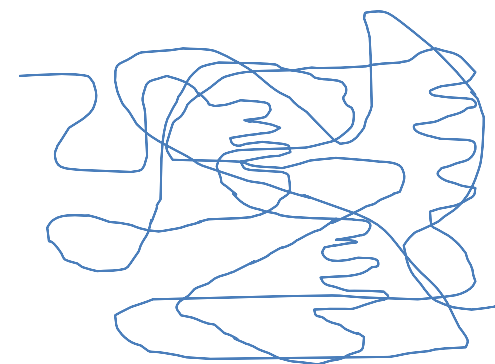
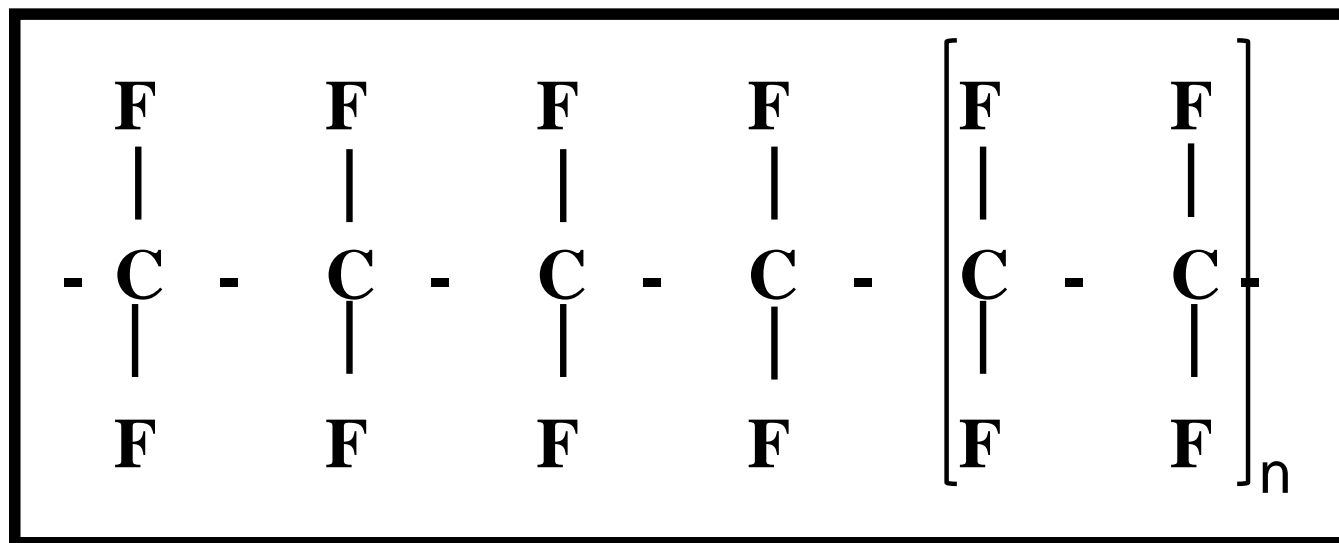
# Teflon™ FEP, PFA, Tefzel™ ETFE Product Overview

## Time limited derogations to fluoropolymers

	6,5 YEARS AFTER EIF	13,5 YEARS AFTER EIF
<b>Time limited derogations</b>	food contact materials for the purpose of industrial and professional food and feed production	implantable medical devices (not including meshes, wound treatment products, tubes and catheters)
	proton-exchange membrane (PEM) fuel cells	tubes and catheters in medical devices
	textiles for the use in filtration and separation media	coatings of Metered Dose Inhalers (MDIs)
		applications in petroleum and mining industry
		additives to hydraulic fluids in aircraft and aerospace industry
		Lubricants in certain categories
		diagnostic laboratory testing
		textiles used in personal protective equipment (PPE)
<b>Potential derogations marked for reconsideration</b>	non-stick coatings in industrial and professional bakeware	hernia meshes
		wound treatment products
		coating applications for medical devices other than Metered Dose Inhalers
		Rigid gas permeable contact lenses and ophthalmic lenses, PTFE in ophthalmic solutions packaging
		PCTFE-based packaging for medicinal preparations, medical devices and medical molecular diagnostics
		packaging of terminally sterilized medical devices
		applications affecting the proper functioning related to the safety of transport vehicles, and affecting the safety of operators, passengers or goods
		textiles for the use in engine bays for noise and vibration insulation used in the automotive industry
		membranes used for venting of medical devices
		the semiconductor manufacturing process

PROPOSED

# POLYTETRAFLUOROETHYLENE - PTFE



# OUTSTANDING PROPERTIES

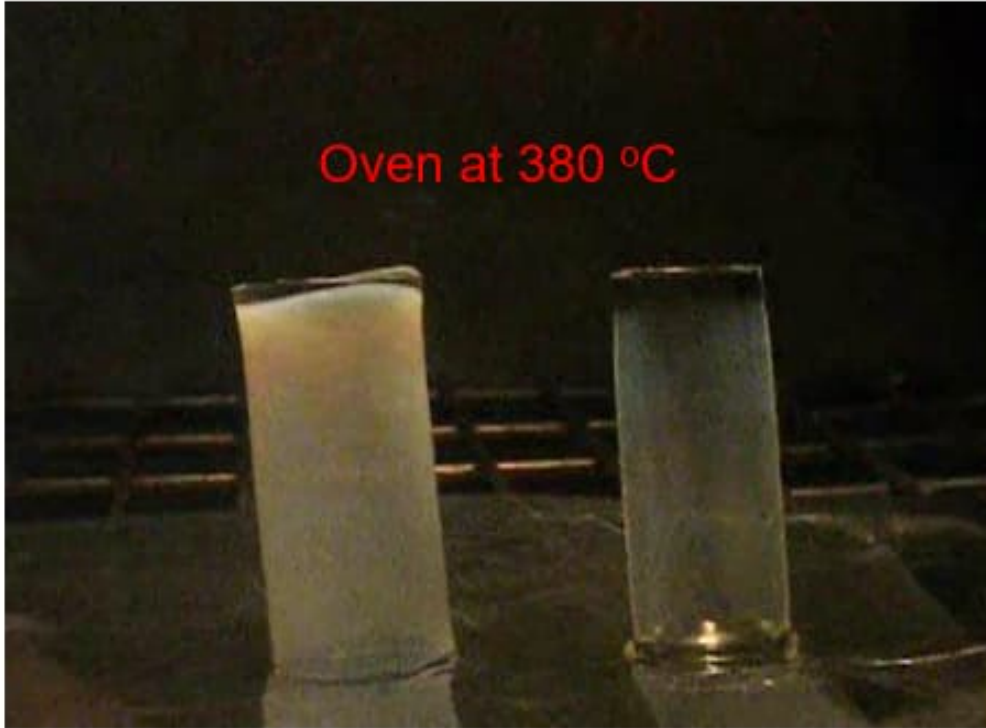
- **CHEMICAL INERTNESS**
- **NON-STICK**
- **LOW FRICTION / SELF-LUBRICATING**
- **DIELECTRIC PROPERTIES**
- **WEATHER RESISTANCE / NON-AGEING**
- **INSENSITIVE TO UV**
- **NON-TOXIC**
- **BROAD TEMPERATURE RANGE (- 200 °C / + 260 °C)**
- **NON-FLAMMABLE**

# DOES PTFE MELT ?

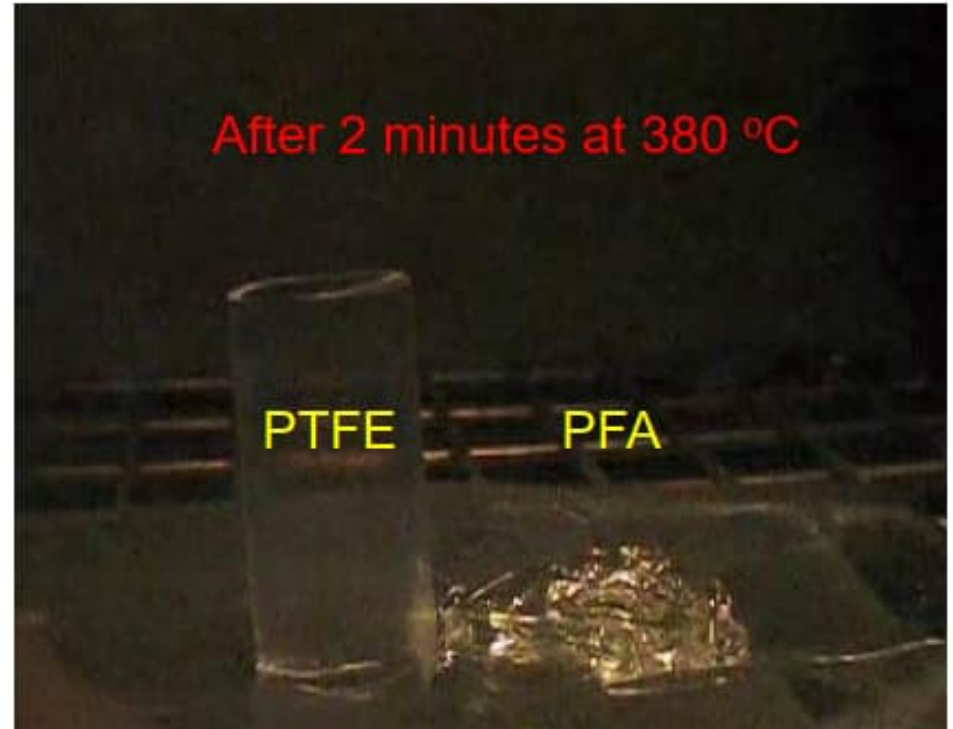


# DOES PTFE MELT ?

Oven at 380 °C



After 2 minutes at 380 °C



YES, PTFE melts, but it does not flow.

FEP, PFA and ETFE melt and flow and therefore can be thermoformed

# Melt extrusion processing for FEP, PFA and ETFE Safety

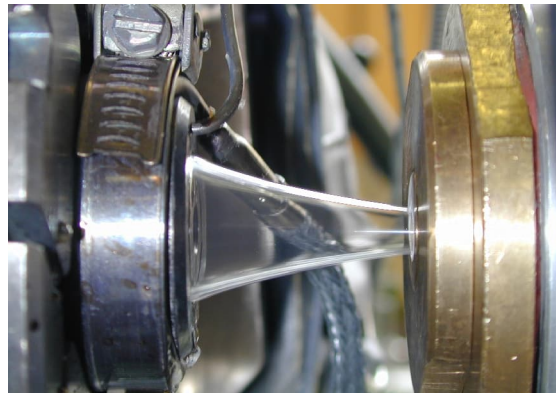


# MELT PROCESSING

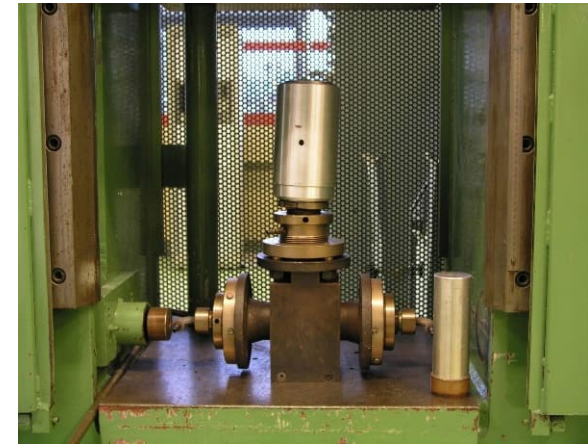


Roto-moulding/lining

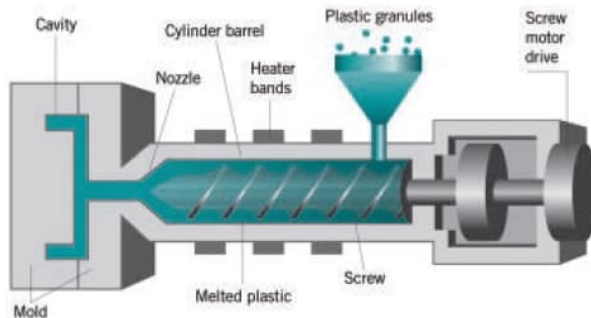
Compounding



Tube extrusion



Transfer moulding



Injection moulding

Blow  
molding



Wire extrusion

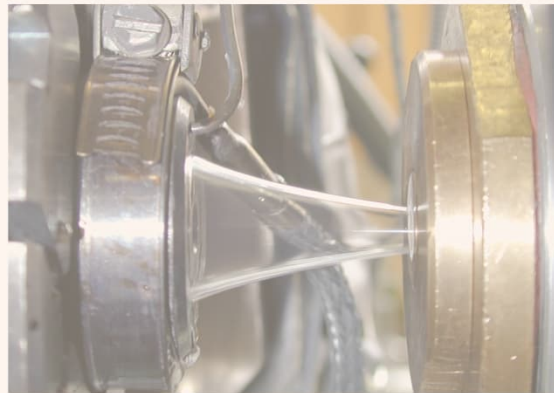


# MELT PROCESSING



Roto-moulding/lining

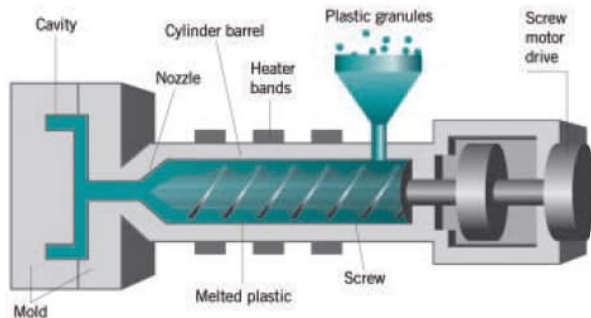
~10 %



Tube extrusion



Transfer moulding



Injection moulding



Wire extrusion

~70 %

# Fluoroplastics process SAFETY



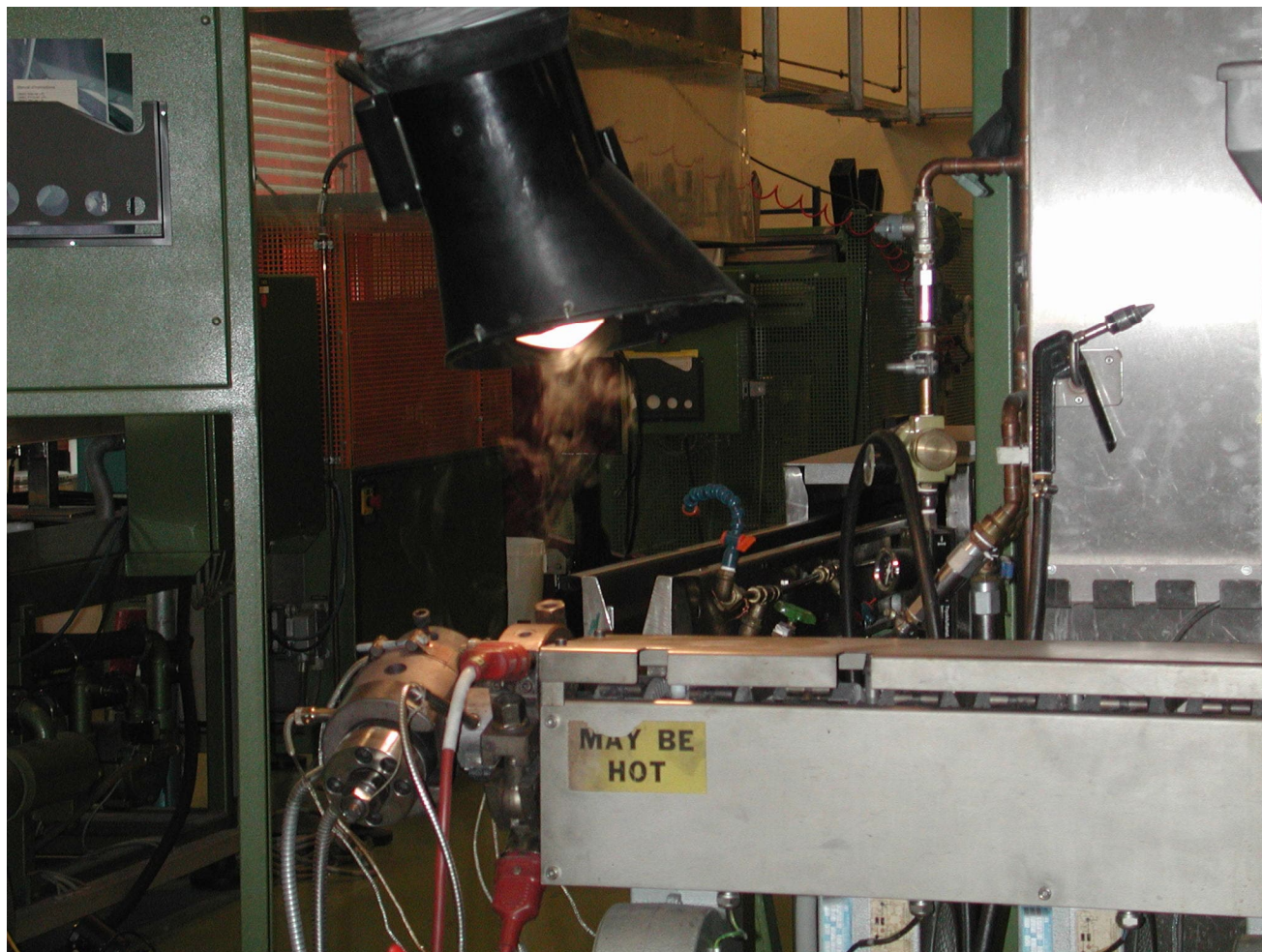
- Fumes during melt processing can cause polymer fever
- Molten fluoroplastics are corrosive
- High processing temperatures
- High viscosity
- Shear sensitive

# Safety

- Appropriate ventilation
- Follow the PlasticsEurope guide-lines

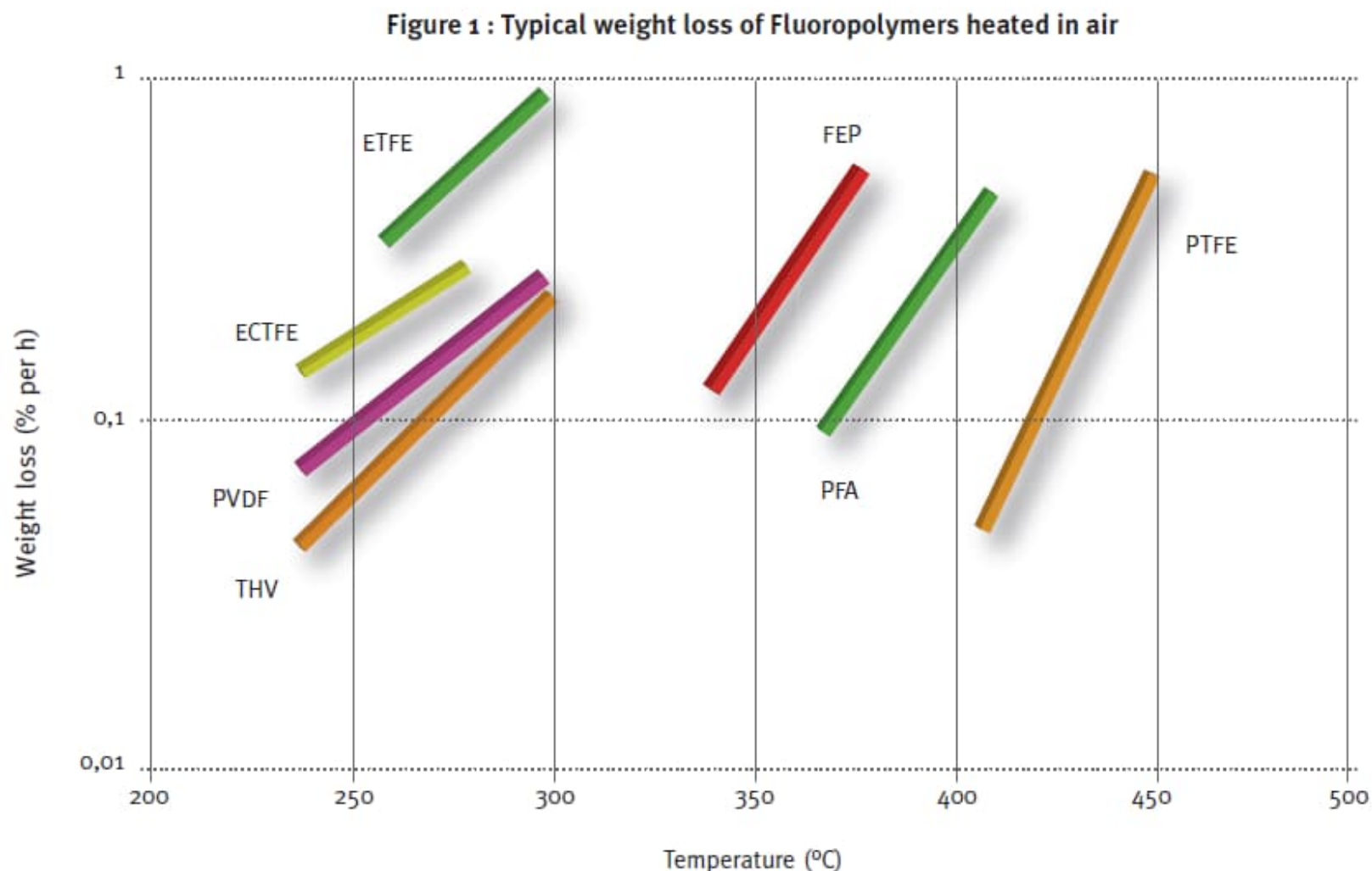
[https://fluoropolymers.plasticseurope.org/application/files/6216/3178/0517/Fluoropolymers\\_Safe\\_Hand\\_EN\\_\\_June\\_2021.pdf](https://fluoropolymers.plasticseurope.org/application/files/6216/3178/0517/Fluoropolymers_Safe_Hand_EN__June_2021.pdf)

# Local exhaust ventilation

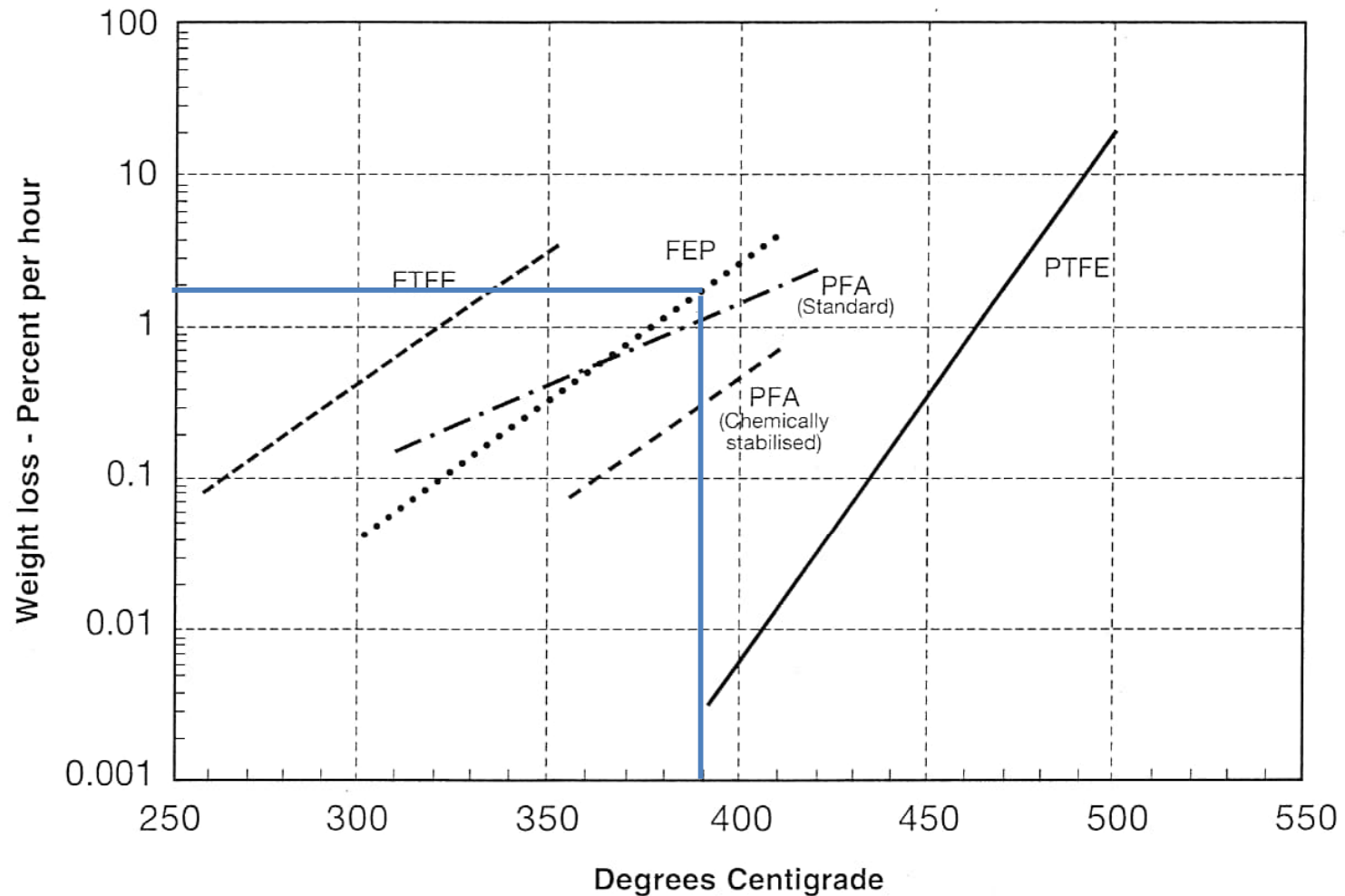




# Typical weight loss of fluoropolymers vs. temperature



# Typical weight loss of fluoropolymers vs. temperature





POLYMER	CONTINUOUS SERVICE TEMPERATURE	MELT TEMPERATURE	PROCESSING TEMPERATURE
---------	--------------------------------------	---------------------	---------------------------

ETFE

155 °C

~265 °C

340 °C

FEP

205 °C

~260 °C

390 °C

PFA

260 °C

~305 °C

400 °C

C  
O  
R  
R  
O  
S  
I  
V  
I  
T  
Y

# Equipment Materials of construction

**PROTECT YOUR EQUIPMENT TO AVOID THAT IT IS  
EATEN AWAY BY CORROSION**

Screw, adapters, tooling, head, filters

- Hasteloy<sup>®</sup> C-276 / Haynes<sup>®</sup> 242
- Inconel<sup>®</sup> 625
- Monel<sup>®</sup> 400 or 500

Bi-metallic cylinder liner

- Reiloy<sup>®</sup> 115
- Bernex<sup>®</sup> C 250
- Xaloy<sup>®</sup> 306
- Xaloy<sup>®</sup> 800 with Inconel<sup>®</sup> flange

Kanigen nickel plating (for non continuous process)



# Equipment Materials of construction

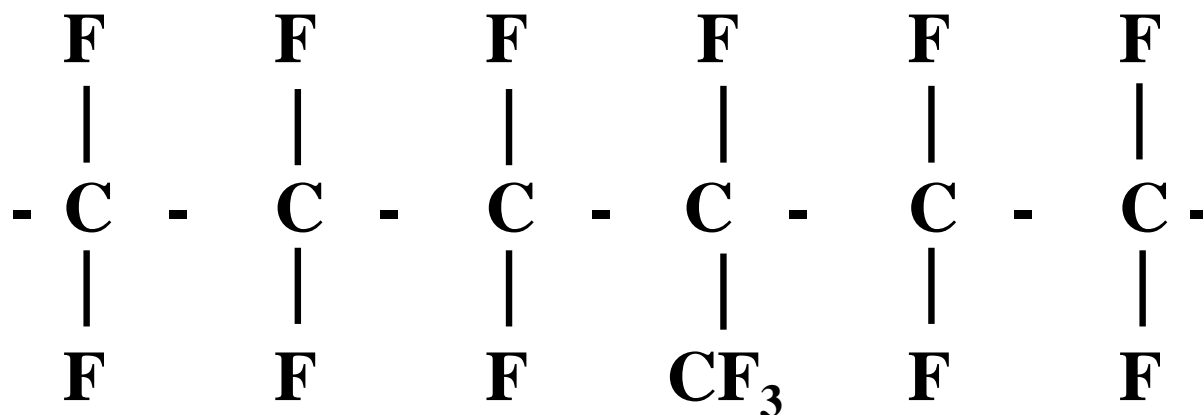
Extruding with equipment without the right corrosion protection  
is like



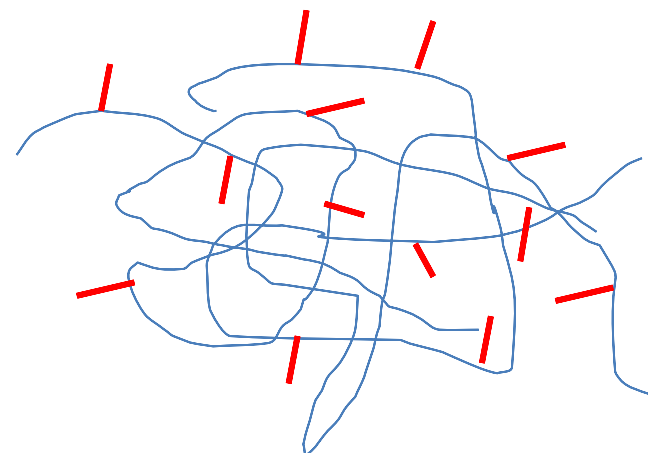
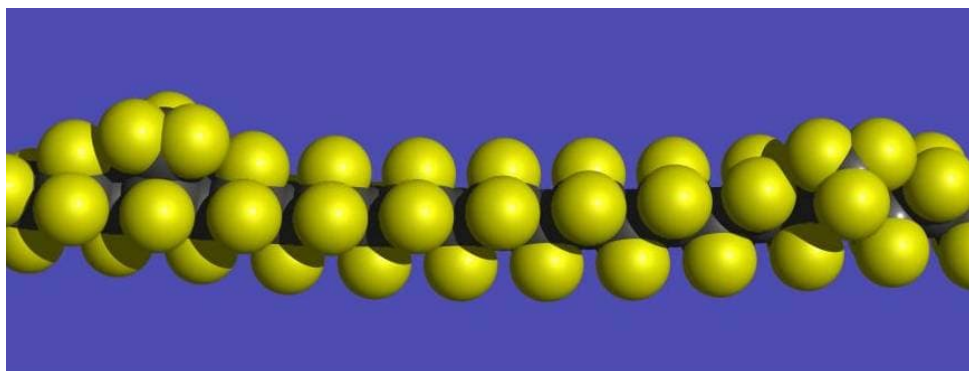
you can do it once ...  
but no guarantees that you will be able to do it again

# TEFLON™ FEP

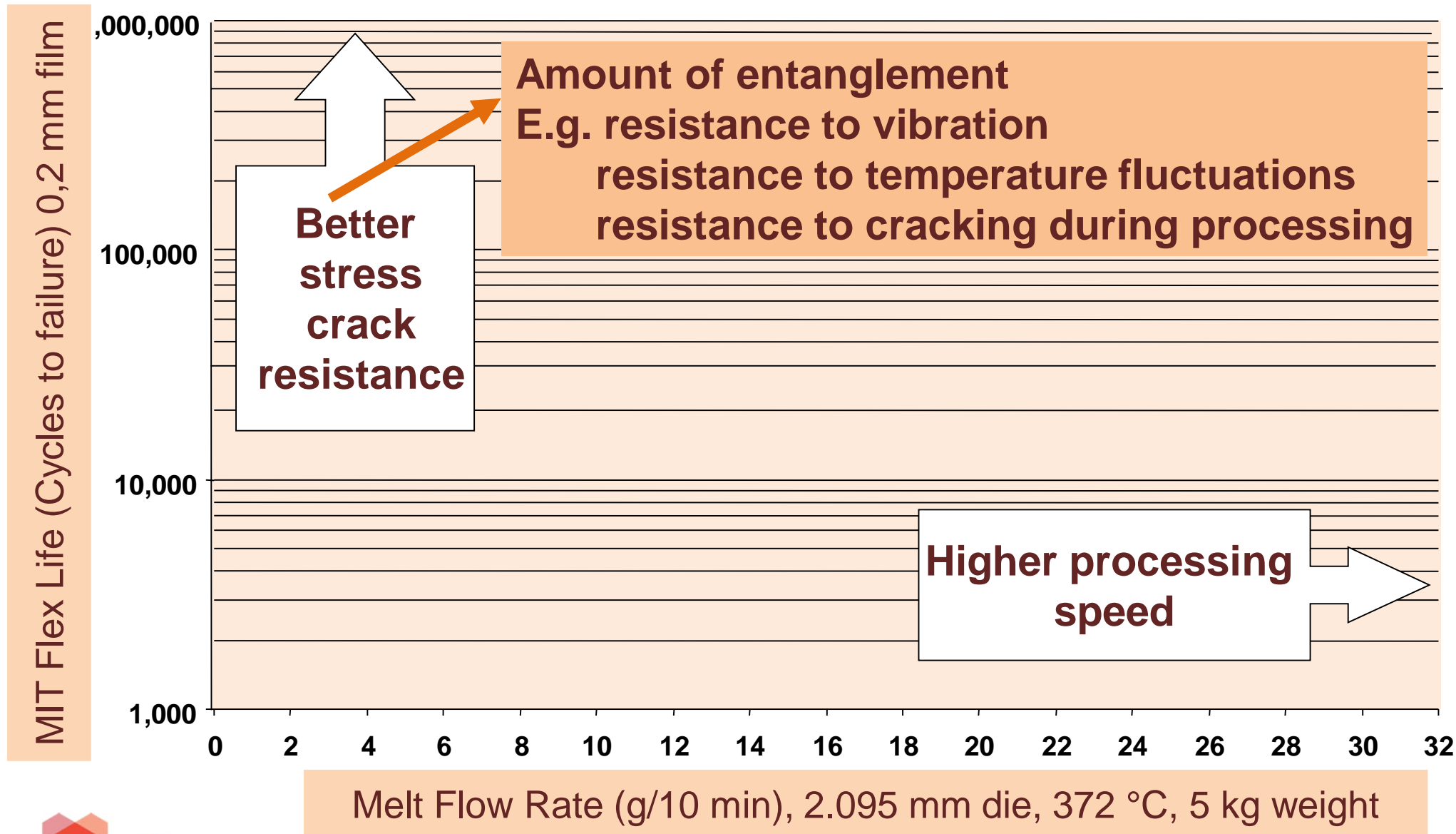
# FLUORINATED ETHYLENE PROPYLENE - FEP



ASTM D 2116  
ISO 12086  
UL Yellow Card

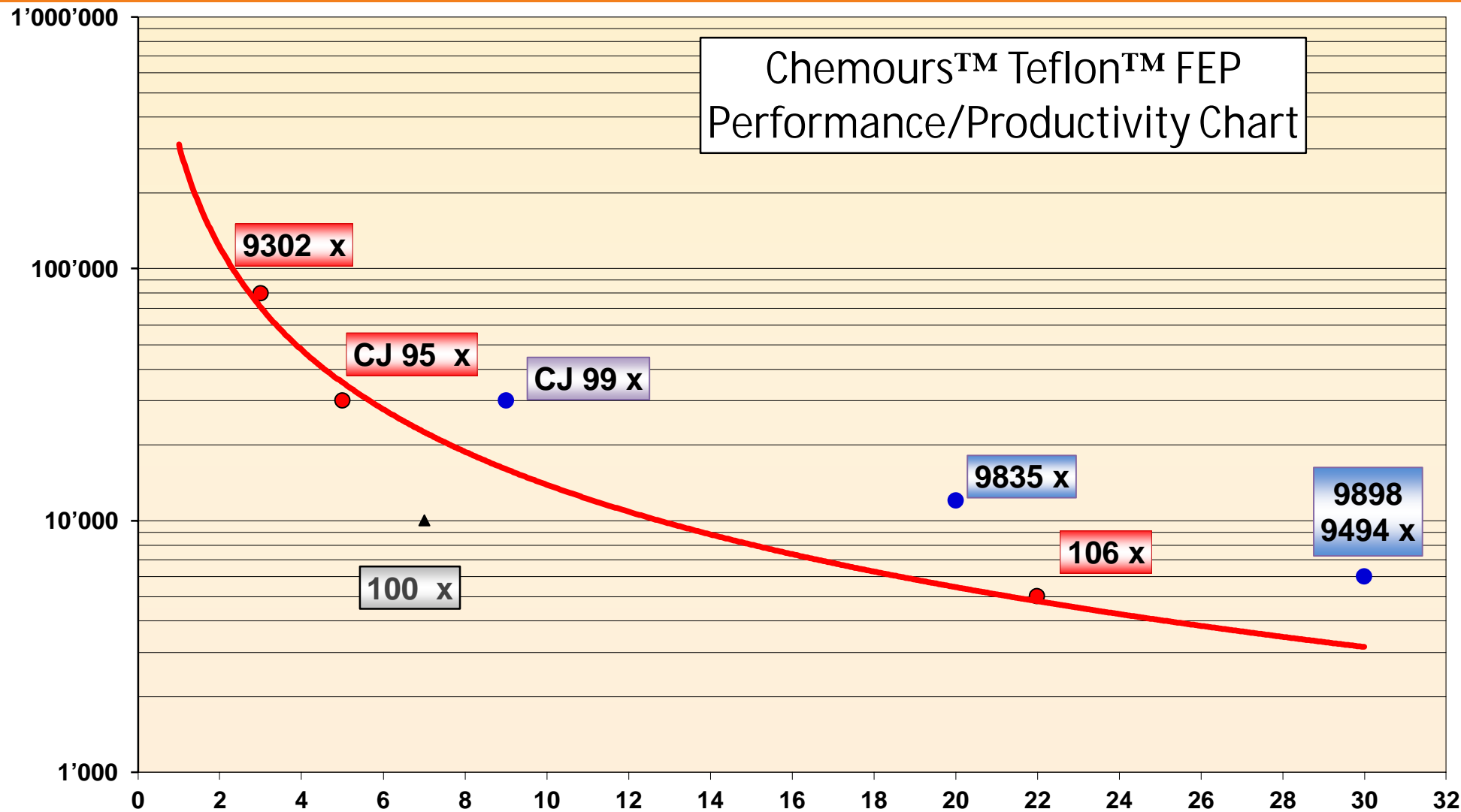


# Teflon™ “MELTS” Positioning chart





MIT Flex Life (Cycles to failure) 0,2 mm film



Melt Flow Rate (g/10 min), 2.095 mm die, 372 °C, 5 kg weight

# Cable design : Grade selection suggestion vs cable diameter

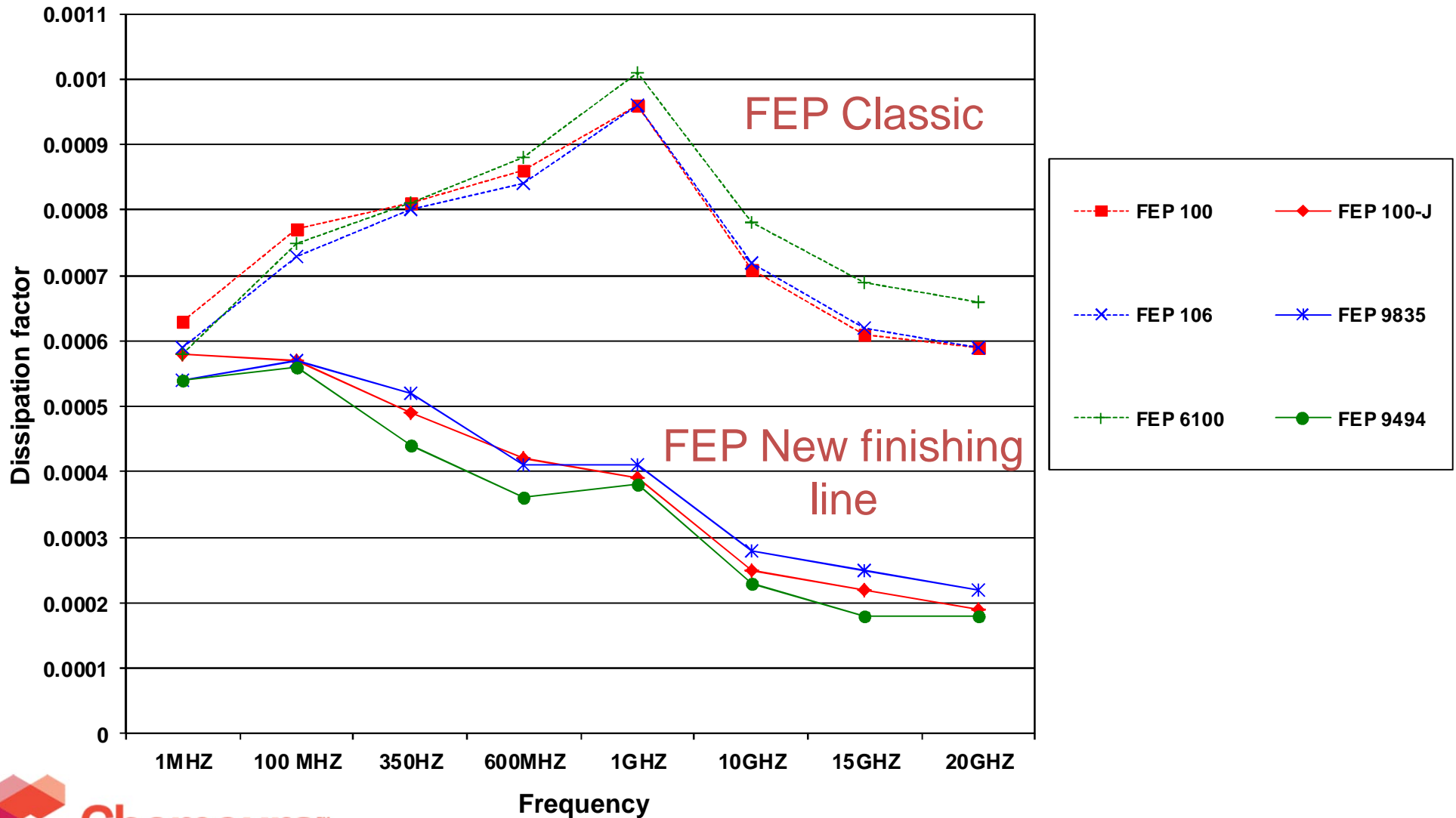
AWG	CONS- TRUCTION	Ø (mm)	AREA (mm²)	FEP 9302	FEP CJ 95	FEP 100	FEP CJ 99	FEP 9835	FEP 106	FEP 9494	
				3	5	6.8	9	20	22	30	MFR
				80000	30000	10000	30000	12000	5000	4000	MIT
4	133 x 0.455	6.48	21.62								
6	133 x 0.361	5.14	13.61								
8	133 x 0.287	4.09	8.6								
10	37 x 0.404	2.8	4.77								
12	37 x 0.320	2.22	2.98								
14	37 x 0.254	1.78	1.88								
16	19 x 0.287	1.36	1.23								
18	19 x 0.254	1.27	0.962								
20	37 x 0.142	0.97	0.586								
22	37 x 0.114	0.78	0.38								
24	19 x 0.127	0.634	0.241								
26	19 x 0.102	0.504	0.155								
28	19 x 0.079	0.395	0.093								
30	19 x 0.063	0.315	0.059								

Note: for heavy wall constructions, select a grade with higher stress crack resistance if needed  
FEP 9835 and 9494 have lower dissipation factors at higher frequencies

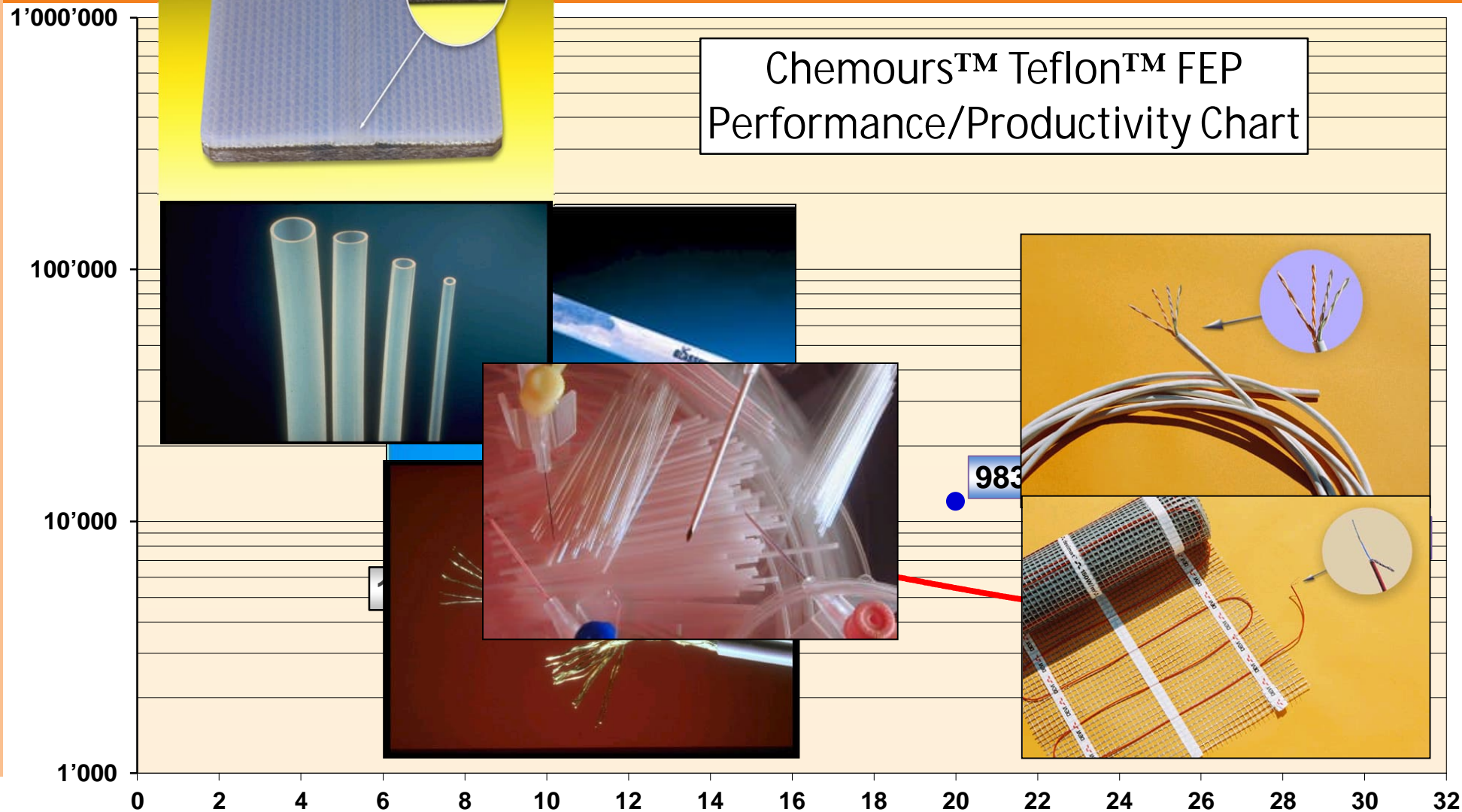
# DATA CABLES

Looking for improved signal return loss at high frequencies ?

Dissipation factor of non-modified and modified FEP



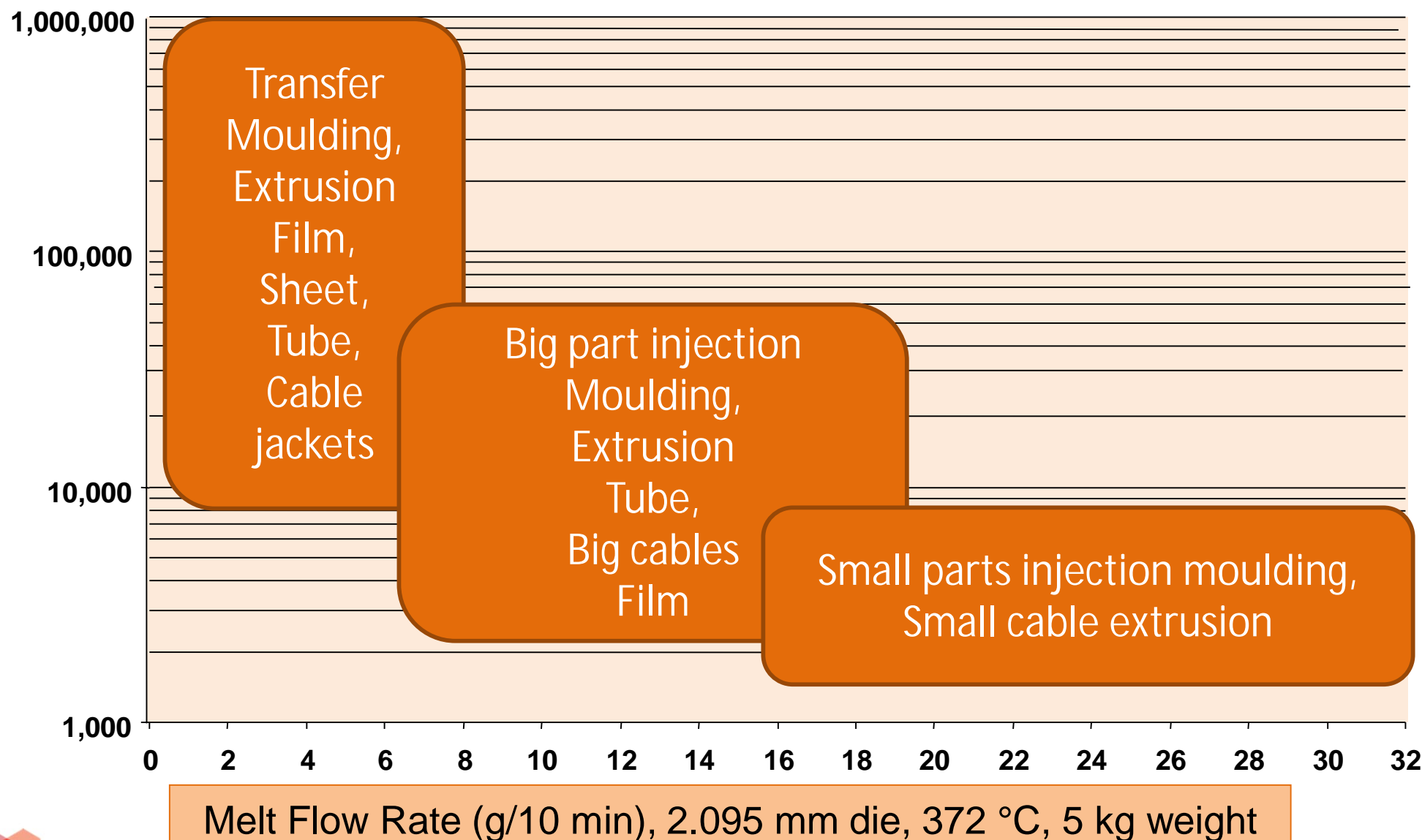
MIT Flex Life (Cycles to failure) 0,2 mm film



Melt Flow Rate (g/10 min), 2.095 mm die, 372 °C, 5 kg weight

# “MELTS” Positioning chart linked to Processing

MIT Flex Life (Cycles to failure) 0,2 mm film



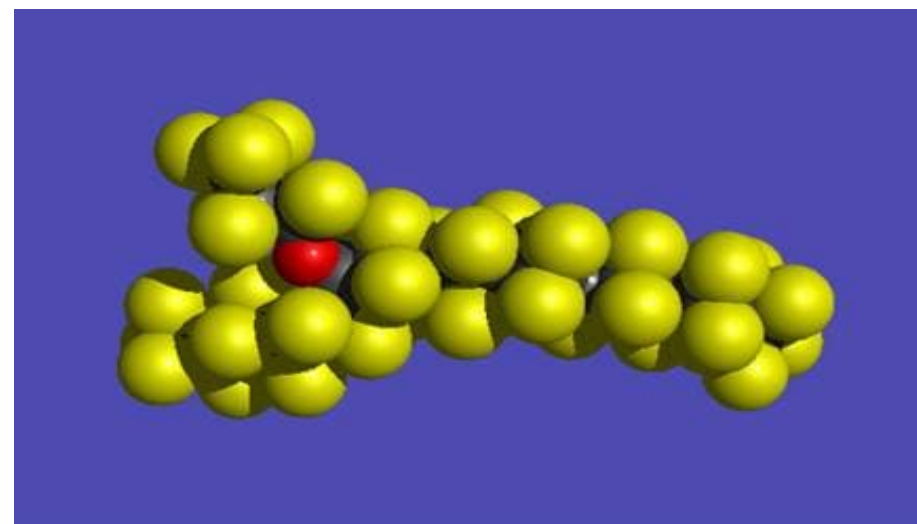
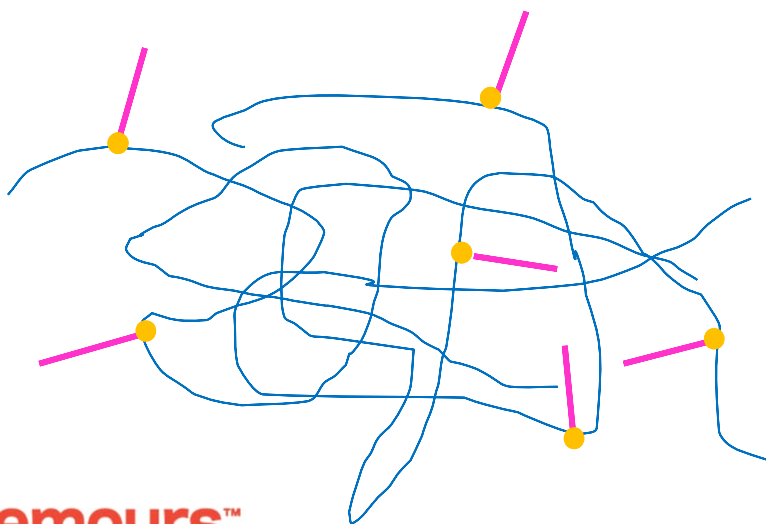
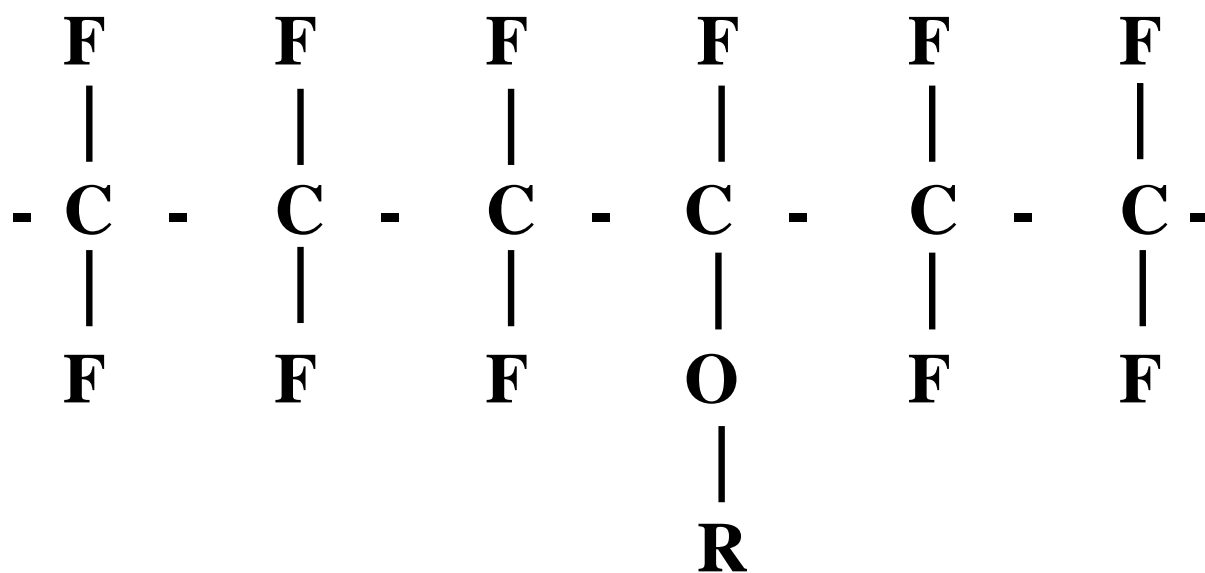
# TEFLON<sup>TM</sup> FEP

## Questions ?

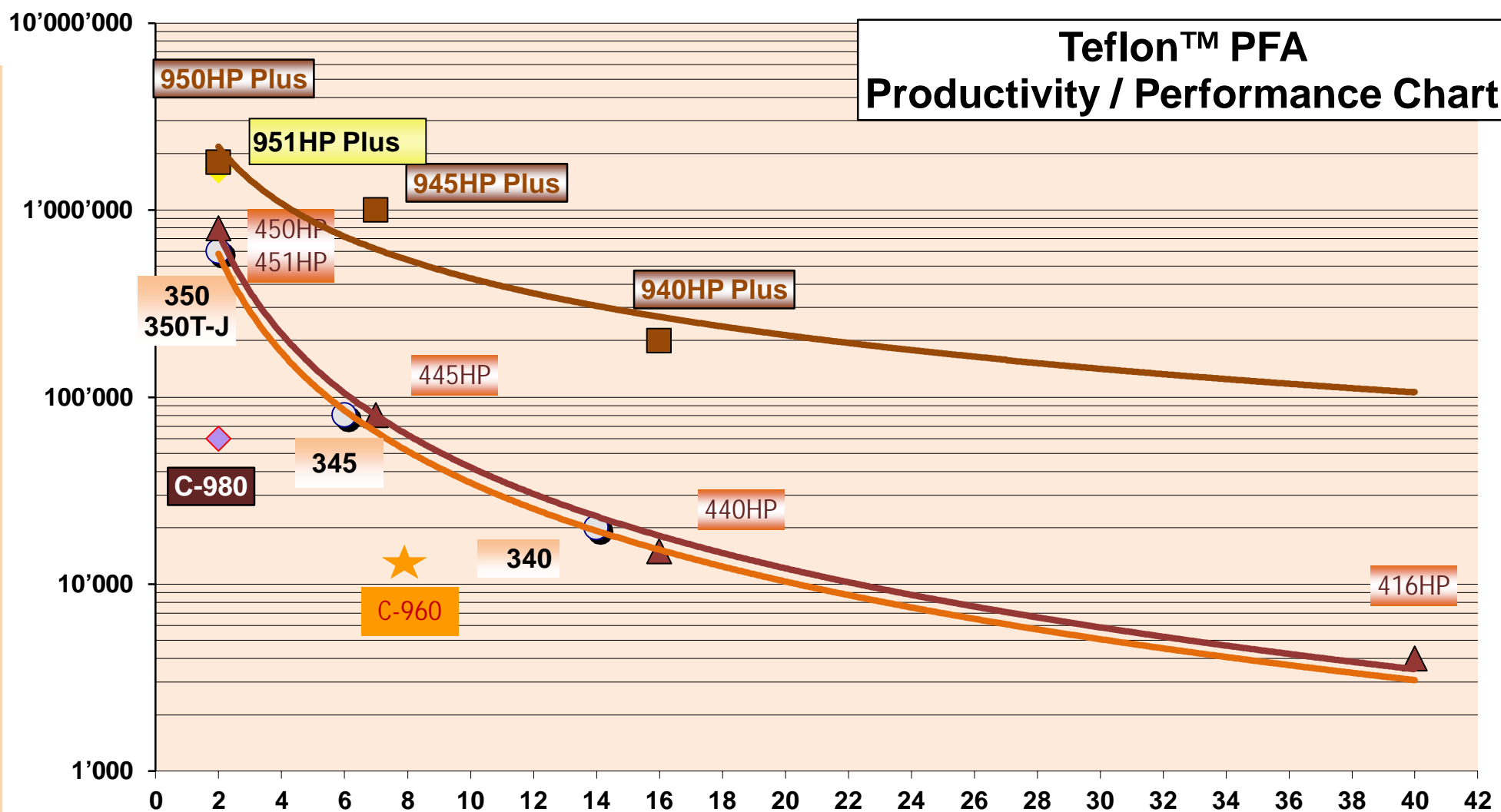


# TEFLON™ PFA

# PERFLUOROALKOXY - PFA



MIT Flex Life (Cycles to failure) 0,2 mm film



Melt Flow Rate (g/10 min), 2.095 mm die, 372 °C, 5 kg weight



All grades may be followed by «x»

Public

# Teflon™ PFA Product Line Evolution



Premium fluoroplastic resins

900HP  
*Plus Series*

Special-purpose fluoroplastic resins

400HP Series

General-purpose fluoroplastic resins

300 Series

Increased chemical permeation resistance, surface smoothness, and fatigue resistance.

# Teflon™ PFA Product Selection Guide

High Melt Flow Rate = Greater processing ease  
LOW Stress Crack Resistance

Low Melt Flow Rate = High Melt Strength  
HIGH Stress Crack Resistance

## GENERAL PURPOSE

- Excellent chemical resistance
- High thermal stability

PFA 340  
MFR = 12-19

PFA 345  
MFR = 5

PFA 350  
MFR = 2

## HIGH PURITY

- Fully fluorinated version of 300 series
- No reactive end-groups
- Excellent chemical resistance
- High thermal stability
- Excellent electrical properties

PFA 416HP  
MFR = 42

PFA 440HP  
MFR = 12-19

PFA 445HP  
MFR = 5

PFA 450HP  
MFR = 2

PFA 451HP  
MFR = 2

## HIGH PURITY + STRESS CRACK RESISTANCE

- Superior optical clarity
- Superior flex life to 400 series
- Similar to 400 series electrical performance

PFA 940HP  
*Plus*  
MFR = 12-19

PFA 945HP  
*Plus*  
MFR = 5

PFA 950HP  
*Plus*  
MFR = 2

PFA 951HP  
*Plus*  
MFR = 2

Highest permeation resistance

- Purity = no reactive end groups → 400 & 900 series are equivalent in purity
- 900 series has added stress-crack resistance to 400 series NOT added purity
- 451 & 951 have 'spherulite size control technology' that leads to smoother surfaces
- 951 has highest chemical permeation resistance

### SUPERIOR SURFACE SMOOTHNESS

- LOWER PERMEATION
- FASTER FLUSHING TIMES
- LESS PARTICLE SHEDDING

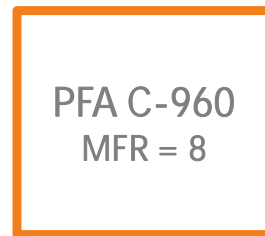


# Teflon™ PFA special grades -> Semi-conductive

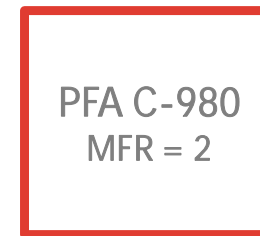
Resistivity <  $14\Omega\cdot\text{cm}$

*High Melt Flow Rate = Greater processing ease  
LOWER Stress Crack Resistance*

*Low Melt Flow Rate  
HIGHER Stress Crack Resistance*



Extrusion grade



Transfermolding grade



# Teflon™ PFA C-960, a semi-conductive PFA for W&C

		PFA C-980	PFA C-960
Property	UoM	Historical Average	Typical results
MFR	g/10 min	2.8	8.3
MP (1 <sup>st</sup> )	°C	284	287
Vol. Res.	Ohm.cm	11.3	10.8
Tens. St. @ break	MPa	35.0	29.3
Elong. @ break	%	302	519
MIT Flex	MCycles	84.7	13.9
Bulk Dens.	g/l	1196	1183

- Mid range MFR
- Resistivity well within the requested range ( $< 14 \Omega.cm$ )
- Tensile strength in the range of normal PFA's
- Sufficient stress crack resistance ; MIT flex results are comparable with an FEP 100
- NOTE : This new compound is not targeted for food contact applications ;

No food approval statements

# Cable design :

## Grade selection suggestion vs cable diameter

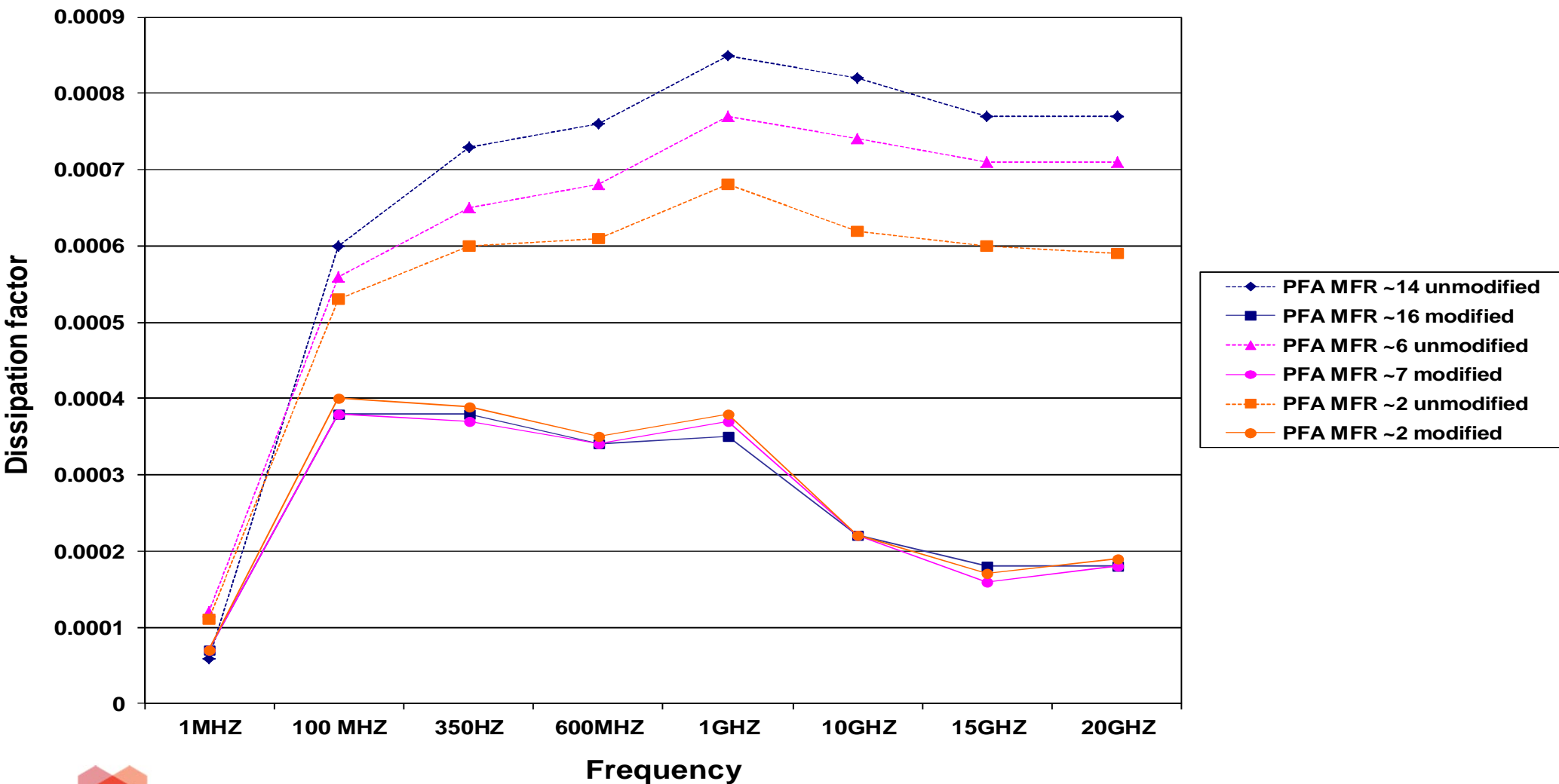
AWG	CONSTRUCTION	Ø (mm)	AREA (mm²)	PFA 350	PFA 450HP	PFA 345	PFA 445HP	PFA 340	PFA 440HP B	PFA 440HP A	PFA 416HP	
				2	2	5	5	14	13.5	16.5	42	MFR
				500000	500000	50000	50000	15000	15000	12000	4000	MIT
4	133 x 0.455	6.48	21.62									
6	133 x 0.361	5.14	13.61									
8	133 x 0.287	4.09	8.6									
10	37 x 0.404	2.8	4.77									
12	37 x 0.320	2.22	2.98									
14	37 x 0.254	1.78	1.88									
16	19 x 0.287	1.36	1.23									
18	19 x 0.254	1.27	0.962									
20	37 x 0.142	0.97	0.586									
22	37 x 0.114	0.78	0.38									
24	19 x 0.127	0.634	0.241									
26	19 x 0.102	0.504	0.155									
28	19 x 0.079	0.395	0.093									
30	19 x 0.063	0.315	0.059									

Note: for heavy wall constructions, select a grade with higher stress crack resistance if needed  
PFA 4xx HP : lower Dissipation factor



# Looking for improved signal return loss at high frequencies ?

Dissipation factors of unmodified and modified PFA

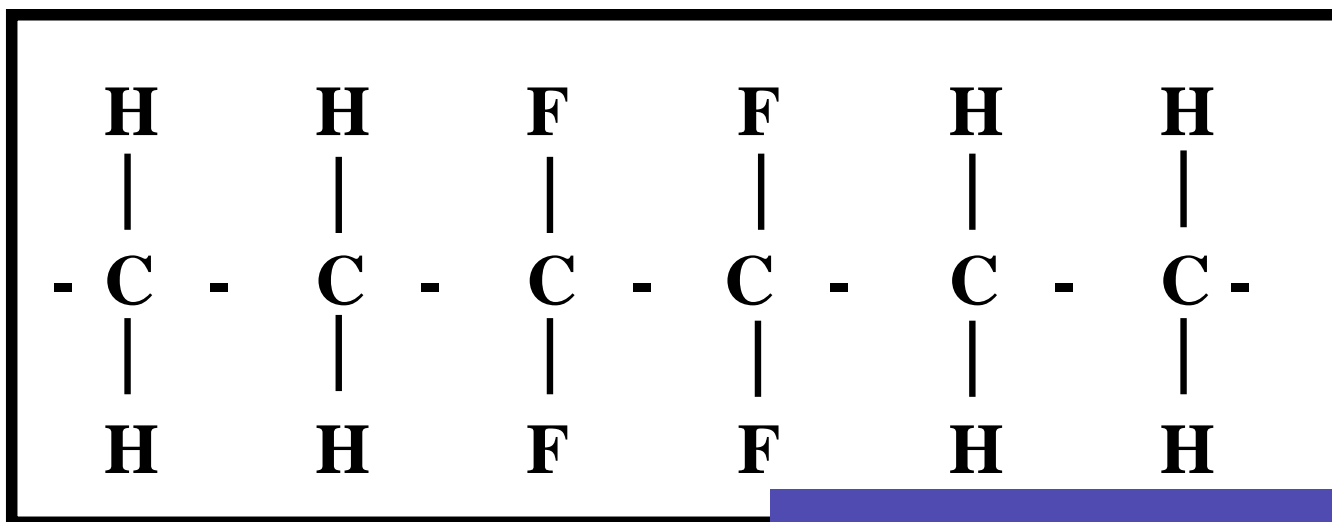


# TEFLON™ PFA

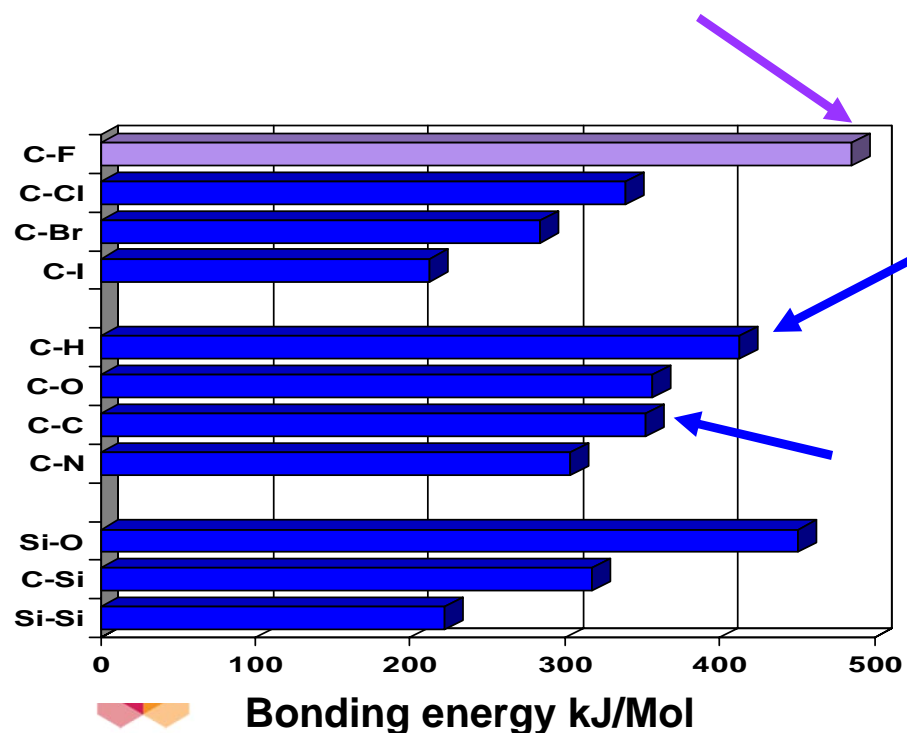
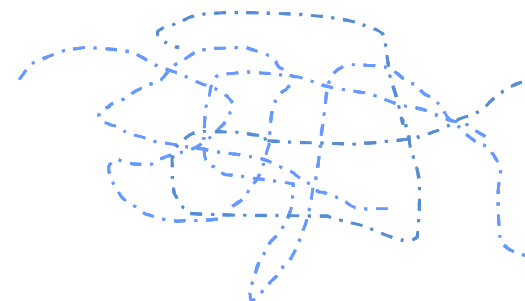
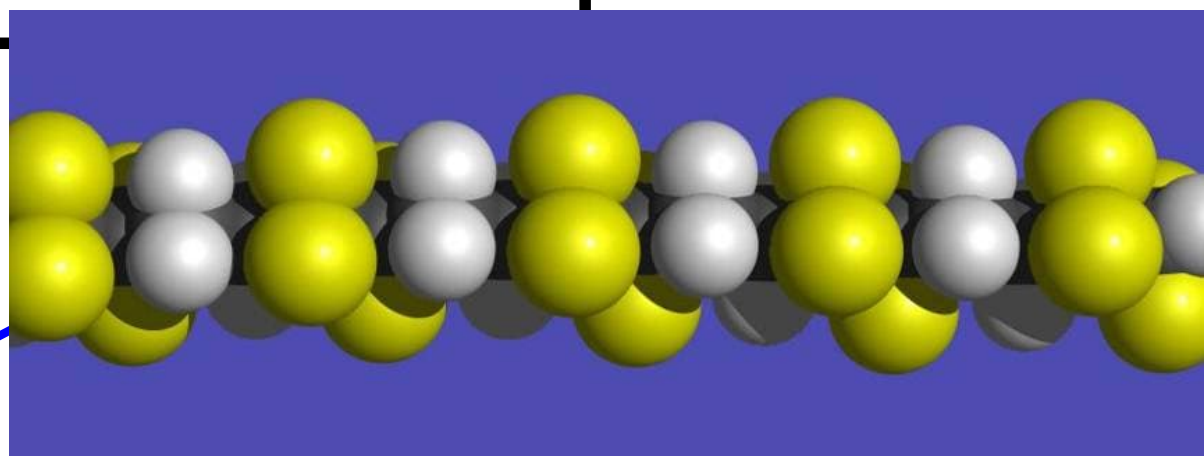
## Questions ?

# TEFZEL™ ETFE

# ETHYLENE – TETRAFLUOROETHYLENE COPOLYMER - ETFE



ASTM D 3159  
ISO 12086  
UL Yellow Card



# Typical Properties

Property	Units	PTFE	FEP	PFA	ETFE
Molecular Weight		$10^6 - 10^7$	$250 - 600 \times 10^3$	$250 - 450 \times 10^3$	$250 - 400 \times 10^3$
Comonomer Content	% Weight	< 1	10 - 12	2,8 - 4,0	20
Melting Point (ASTM D 4591)	°C	327 - 342	260	305	265
Melt Viscosity	Pa.s	$10^{10} - 10^{11}$	$3 - 55 \times 10^4$	$3 - 35 \times 10^4$	$0,5 - 13 \times 10^4$
Melt Flow Rate(*) (ASTM D 1238)	g/10 min.	No Flow	1 - 30	1,5 - 40	2,5 - 64

# Thermal Properties

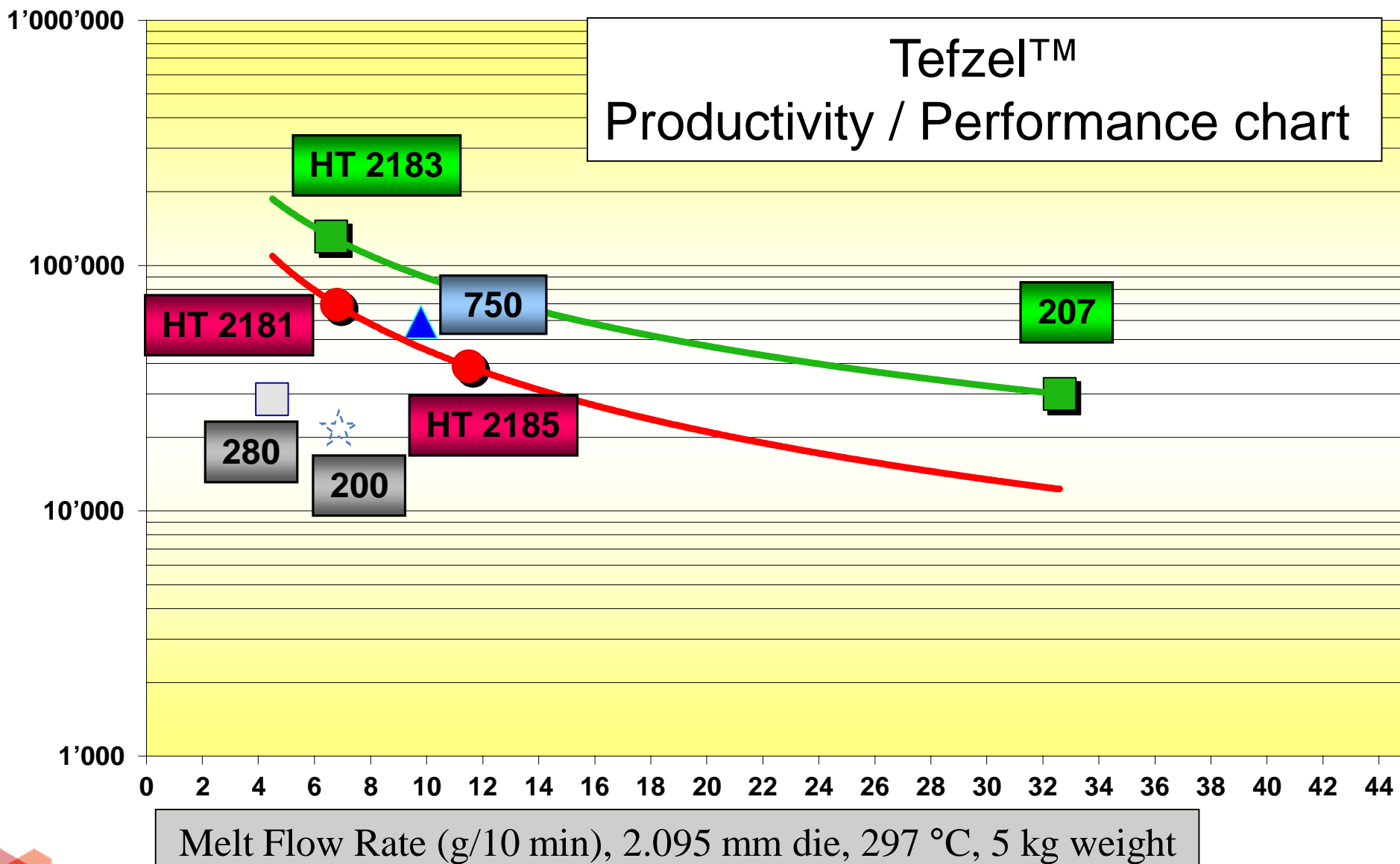
Property	Units	PTFE	FEP	PFA	ETFE
PEAK MELTING TEMP. (ASTM D 4591)	°C	327	260	305	265
SERVICE TEMP. (ISO 2578, 20.000 h)	°C	260	?	260	?
FLAME CLASS (UL94)		94V-0	94V-0	94V-0	94V-0
LIMITING OXYGEN INDEX (ISO 4589)	%	>95	>95	>95	30 - 32
HEAT OF COMBUSTION (ISO 1716)	MJ/kg	4,9 - 5,0	4,8 - 5,1	4,7 - 4,9	12,4 - 12,6



# Thermal Properties

Property	Units	PTFE	FEP	PFA	ETFE
PEAK MELTING TEMP. (ASTM D 4591)	°C	327	260	305	265
SERVICE TEMP. (ISO 2578, 20.000 h)	°C	260	205	260	155
FLAME CLASS (UL94)		94V-0	94V-0	94V-0	94V-0
LIMITING OXYGEN INDEX (ISO 4589)	%	>95	>95	>95	30 - 32
HEAT OF COMBUSTION (ISO 1716)	MJ/kg	4,9 - 5,0	4,8 - 5,1	4,7 - 4,9	12,4 - 12,6

MIT Flex Life (Cycles to failure) 0.2 mm film



# Cable design : Grade selection suggestion vs cable diameter

AWG	CONSTRUCTION	Ø (mm)	AREA (mm²)	ETFE 280	ETFE 200	ETFE HT-2183	ETFE 750	ETFE HT-2181	ETFE HT-2185	ETFE 207	
				4	7	6	7	6	11.5	30	MFR
				7500	5500	35000	30000	25000	15000	15000	MIT
4	133 x 0.455	6.48	21.62								
6	133 x 0.361	5.14	13.61								
8	133 x 0.287	4.09	8.6								
10	37 x 0.404	2.8	4.77								
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22	37 x 0.114	0.78	0.38								
24	19 x 0.127	0.634	0.241								
26	19 x 0.102	0.504	0.155								
28	19 x 0.079	0.395	0.093								
30	19 x 0.063	0.315	0.059								

Note: for heavy wall constructions, select a grade with higher stress crack resistance if needed

ETFE 200 Pressure extrusion & Aircraft cable specified ;

ETFE 750 UL Subject 758 and CSA 210 rated at 200 °C



**Chemours™**

# Tefzel™ ETFE Product Selection Guide

Chemours is a leading producer of fluoroplastics, including Tefzel™ ETFE resins. Our products combine superior mechanical toughness with outstanding chemical inertness and high radiation resistance. Tefzel™ ETFE is the preferred fluoroplastic electrical components, wire insulation, and molding applications.

## GENERAL PURPOSE

- Electrical components
- Chemical service items – valves, liners
- Film
- Injection molding

ETFE 280  
MFR = 4

ETFE HT2183  
MFR = 6

ETFE HT2185  
MFR = 11

ETFE 207  
MFR = 30

ETFE 200  
MFR = 7

ETFE HT2181  
MFR = 6



## HIGH TEMPERATURE

- Appliance wire

ETFE 750  
MFR = 7

## SPECIALTY RESINS

- Range of melting points
- Tubes and liners
- Injection and blow molding

ETFE HT2195  
MFR = 20

- Rotomolding and rotolining



# TEFZEL™ ETFE

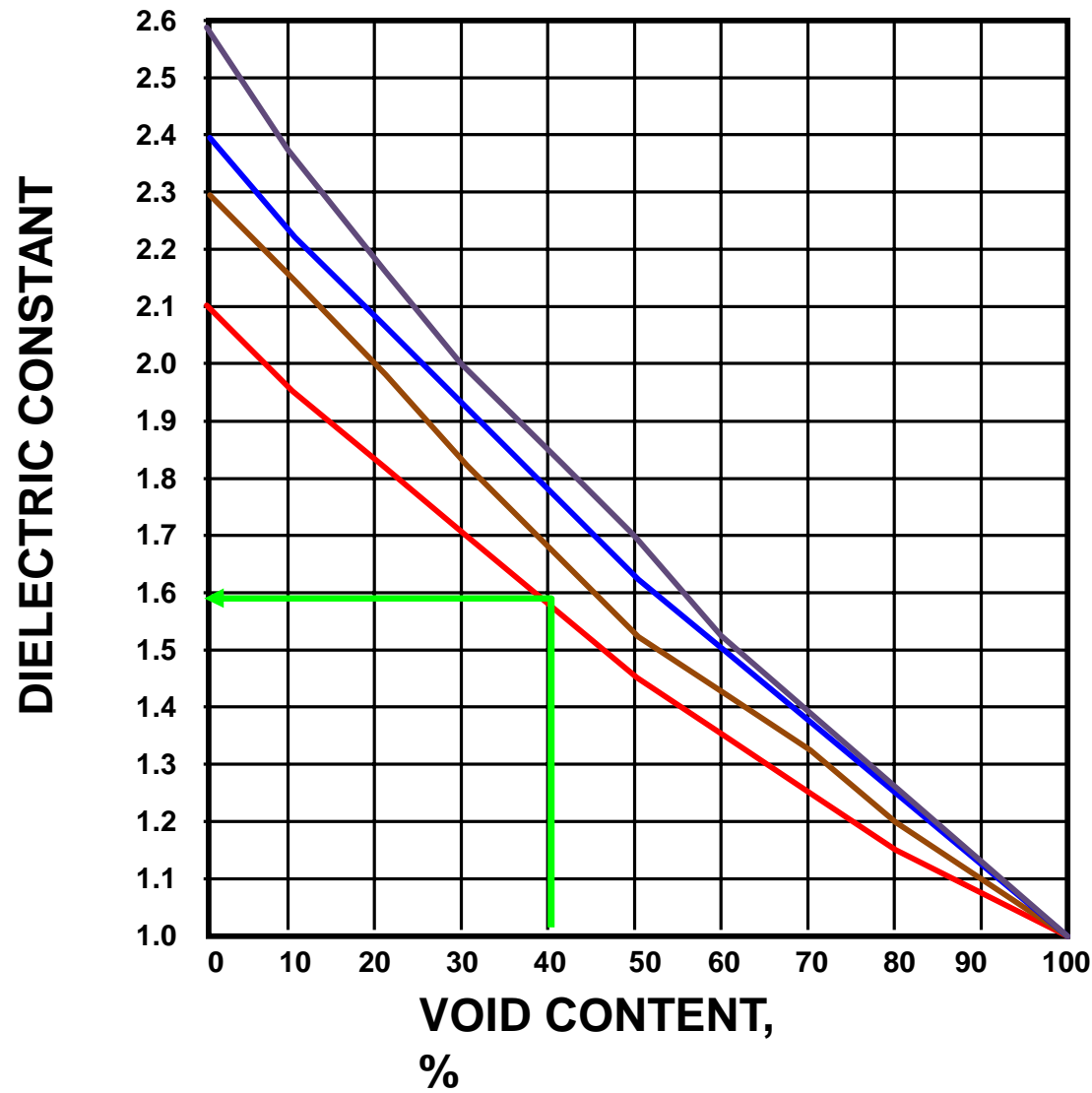
## Questions ?

# TEFLON<sup>TM</sup> FFR

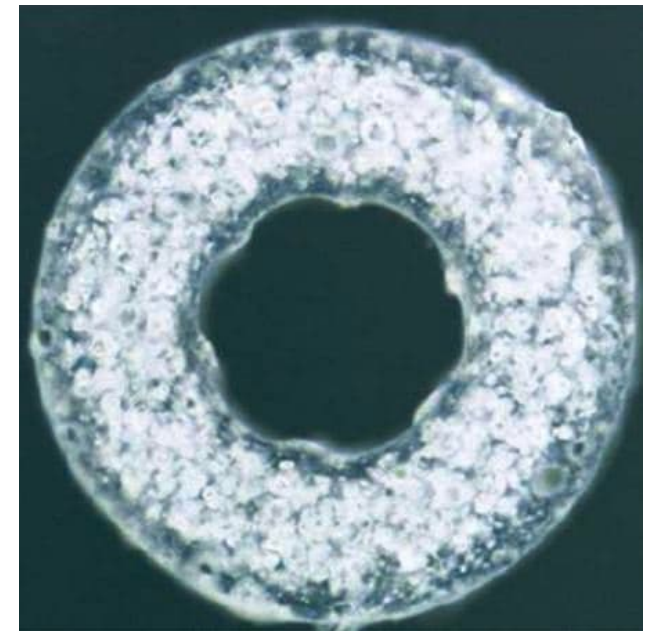
## Fluoropolymer Foam Resin

# FOAM RESINS

## WHY FOAM ? DIELECTRIC CONSTANT VERSUS VOID CONTENT



- TEFLON™ FEP
- POLYETHYLENE
- SURLYN™
- TEFZEL™



OD 0.61 mm, 40%void content

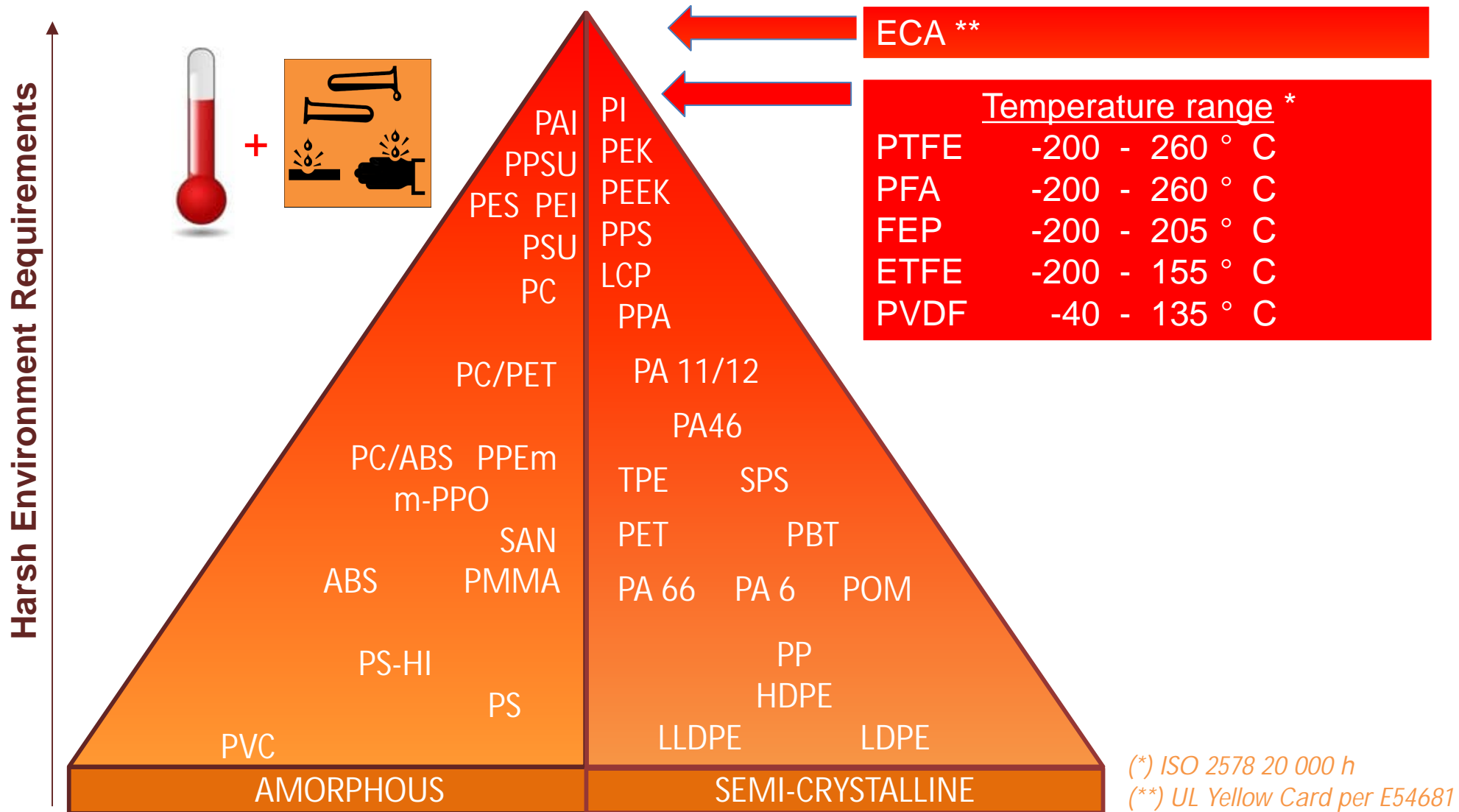
# ECCtreme™ ECA

CURRENTLY NOT AVAILABLE !!!



# Introduction

## Fluoroplastics positioning



# What is ECtreme™ ECA

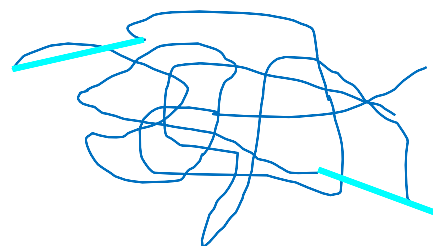
- ✓ This new class of perfluoroplastics is called ECA : **E**pitaxial **C**o-crystallized **A**lloys
- ✓ Melt processable, using the same equipment as for FEP and PFA
- ✓ ECA is recognized by UL as a new class of perfluoroplastic material, with RTI up to 300 °C\*
- ✓ ~~3~~ 2 Grades to suite different applications

*\*300°C rating is result of long-term thermal aging tests per UL 746B  
NOTE : UL rating as-is; before heat aging*

# What makes ECCtreme™ ECA special ?

Unique combination of two effects during heat treatment:

➤ End Group Coupling



➤ Epitaxial Co-Crystallization

- ✓ Epitaxial co-crystallization effect occurs when the resin is heated for a prolonged period close to the melting point
- ✓ This effect helps stabilize product performance at high temperatures

Heat treatment : Typically 1 week at 300 °C, if improved properties are needed.

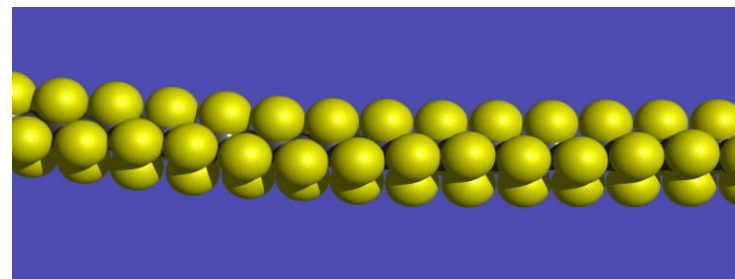
# *In Summary*

## Chemours™ Fluoropolymer Portfolio

**Teflon™ PTFE**  $(-\text{CF}_2-\text{CF}_2-)_n$

(Polytetrafluorethylene)

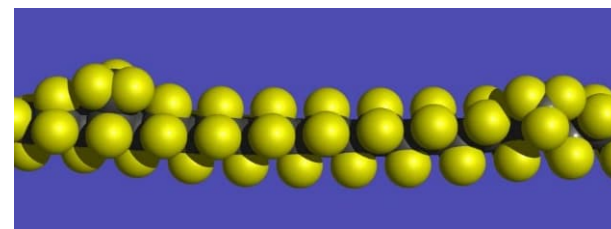
Discovered 1938



**Teflon™ FEP**  $(-\text{CF}_2-\text{CF}_2-\text{CF}_2-\text{CF}(\text{CF}_3)-)_n$

(Fluorinated Ethylene Propylene)

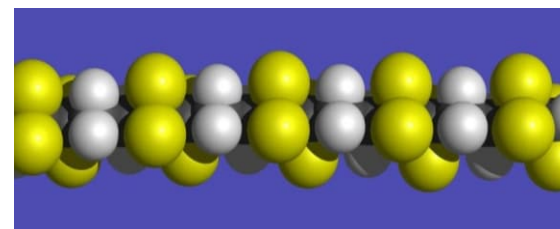
Dvlp. 1960



**Tefzel™ ETFE**  $(-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{CF}_2-\text{CF}_2-)_n$

(Ethylene Tetrafluorethylene)

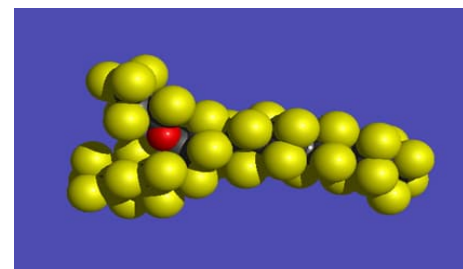
Dvlp. 1970



**Teflon™ PFA**  $(-\text{CF}_2-\text{CF}_2-\text{FCOC}_3\text{F}_7-\text{CF}_2-)_n$

(Perfluoroalkoxy)

Dvlp. 1972

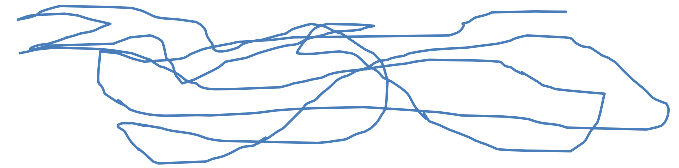


# Schematic Summary

## Chemours Fluoropolymer Portfolio

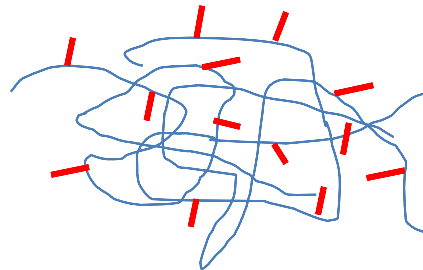
**Teflon™ PTFE**  $(-\text{CF}_2-\text{CF}_2-)_n$

Mechanical strenght from long chains



**Teflon™ FEP**  $(-\text{CF}_2-\text{CF}_2-\text{CF}_2-\text{CFCF}_3-)_n$

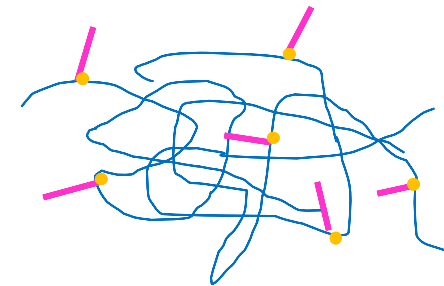
Mechanical strenght from many short side chains



**Teflon™ PFA**  $(-\text{CF}_2-\text{CF}_2-\text{FCOC}_3\text{F}_7-\text{CF}_2-)_n$

Mechanical strenght from

A few longer side chains



**Tefzel™ ETFE**  $(-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{CF}_2-\text{CF}_2-)_n$

Mechanical strenght at from Ethylene comonomer, less thermal resistance



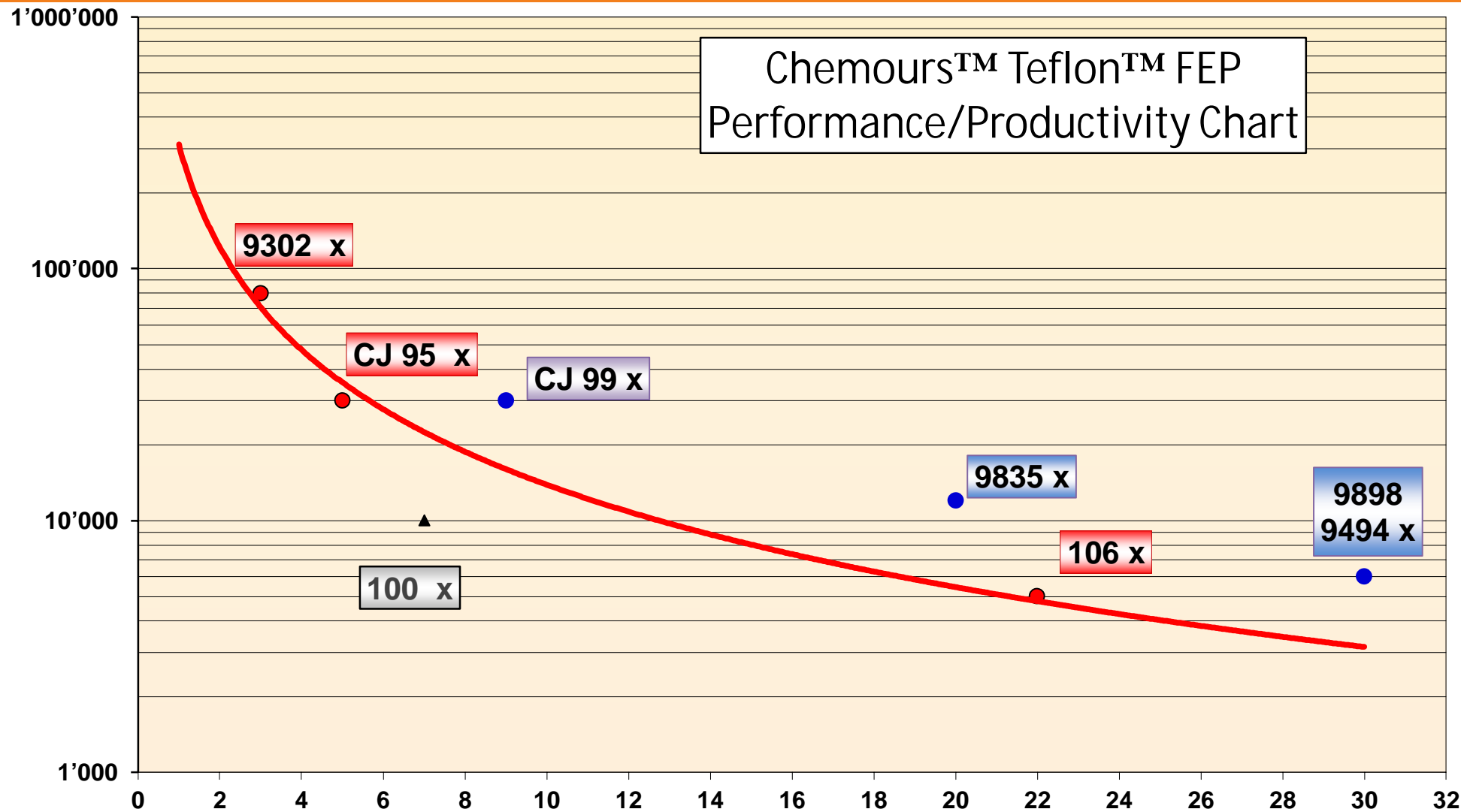
**ECCtreme™ ECA**

Mechanical strenght at from co-coupling



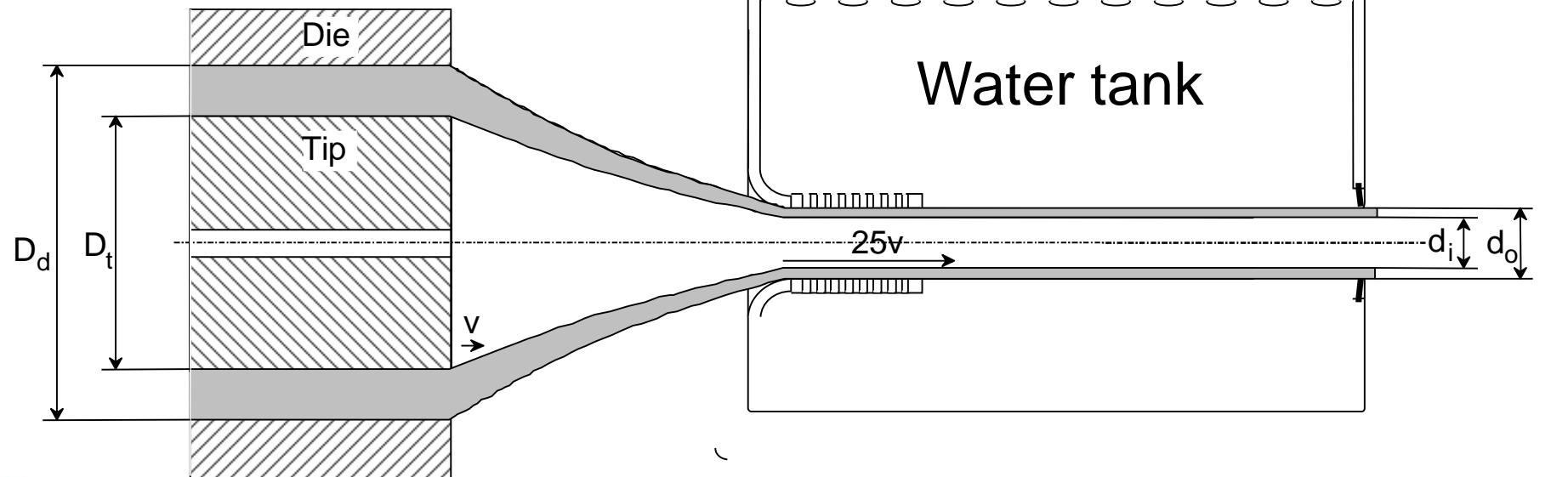
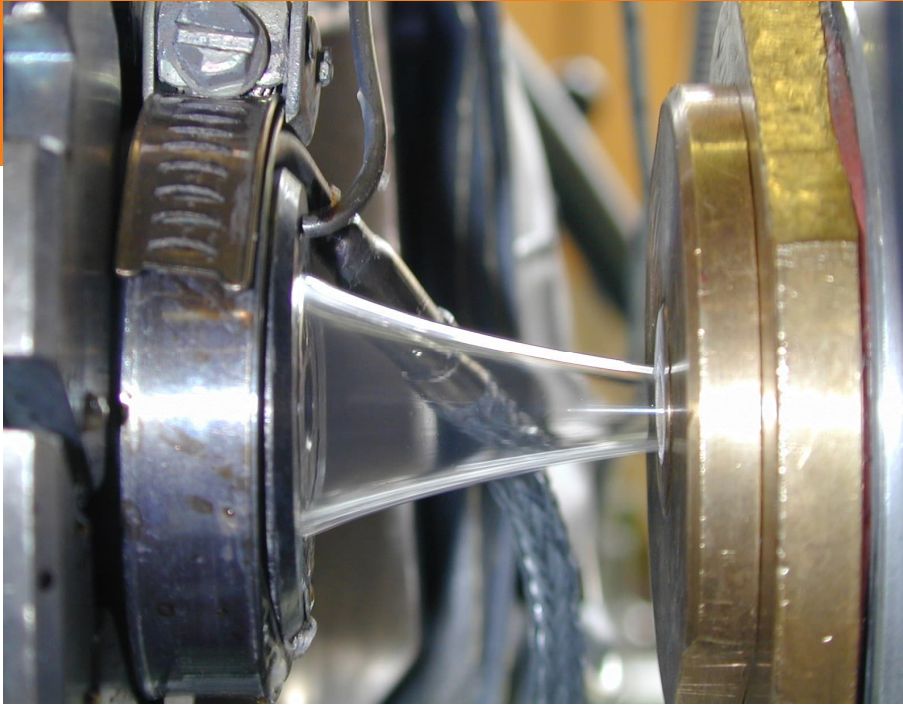
# Melt Extrusion

MIT Flex Life (Cycles to failure) 0,2 mm film



Melt Flow Rate (g/10 min), 2.095 mm die, 372 °C, 5 kg weight

# Tubing Extrusion

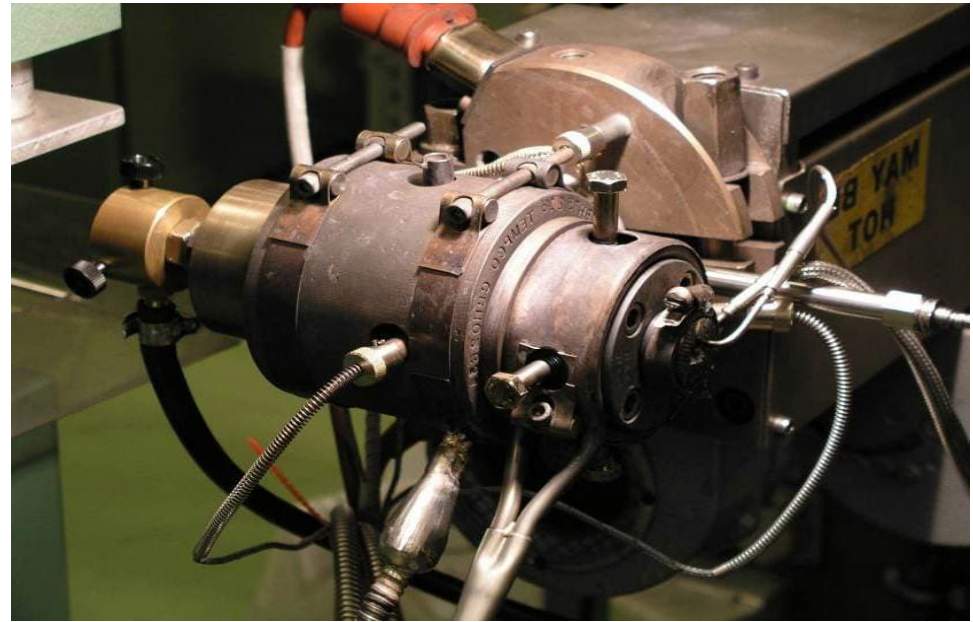
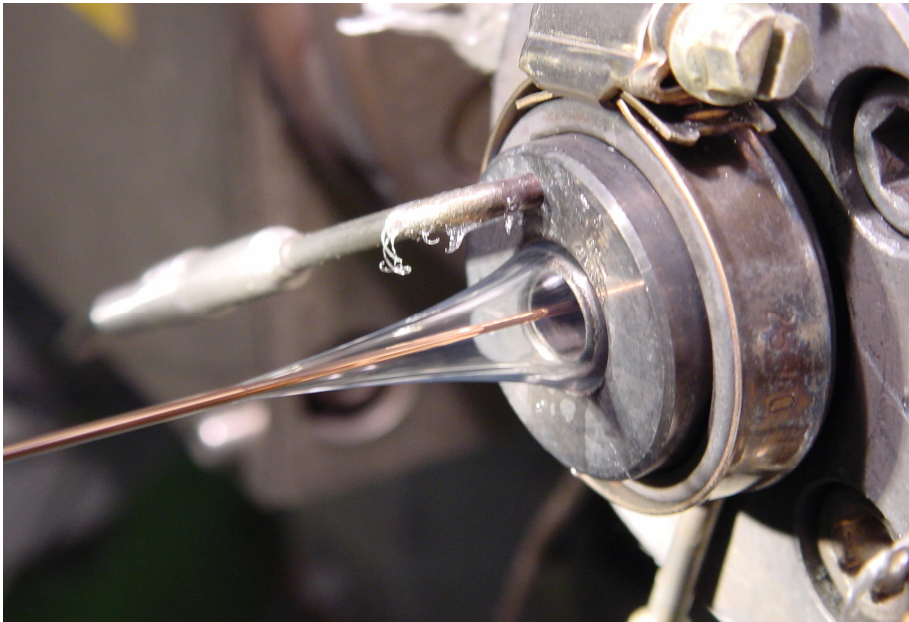
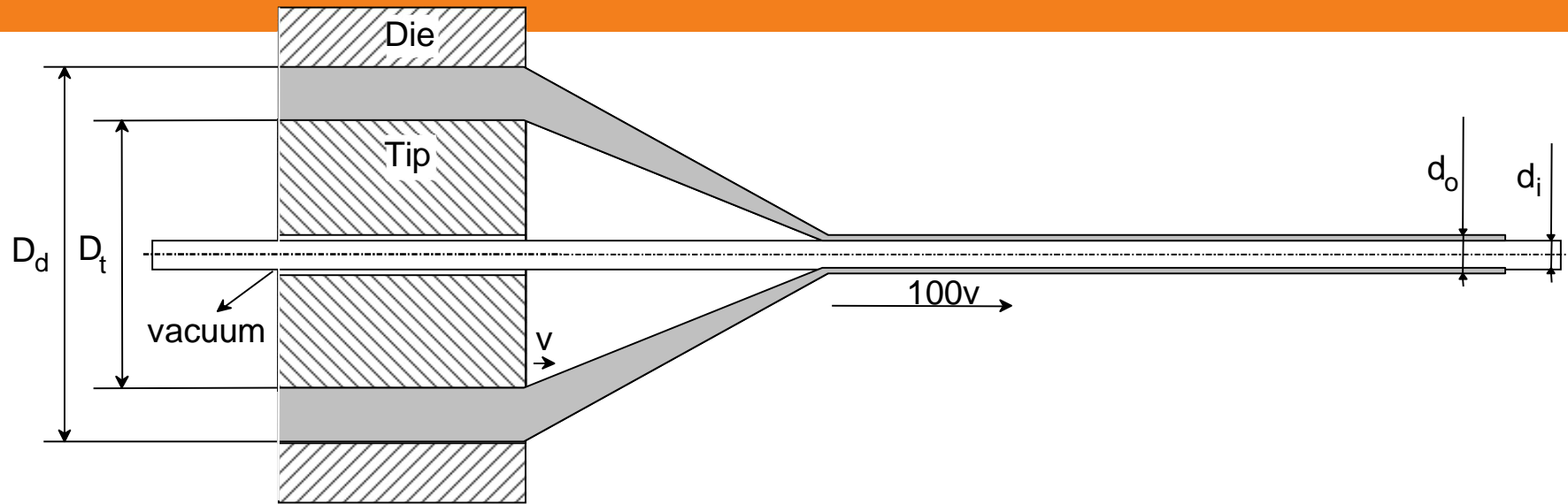


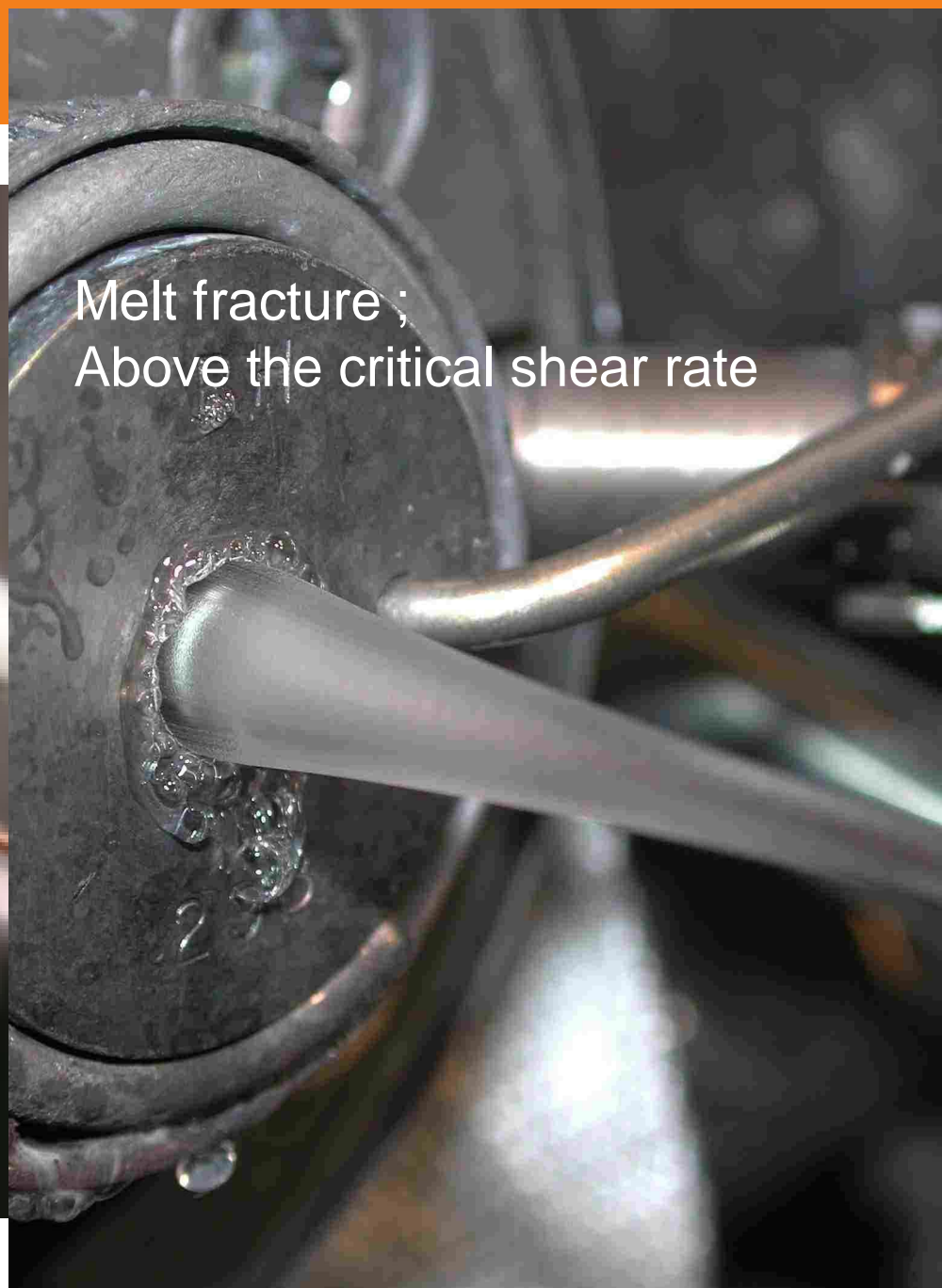


# Wire coating Tube Extrusion

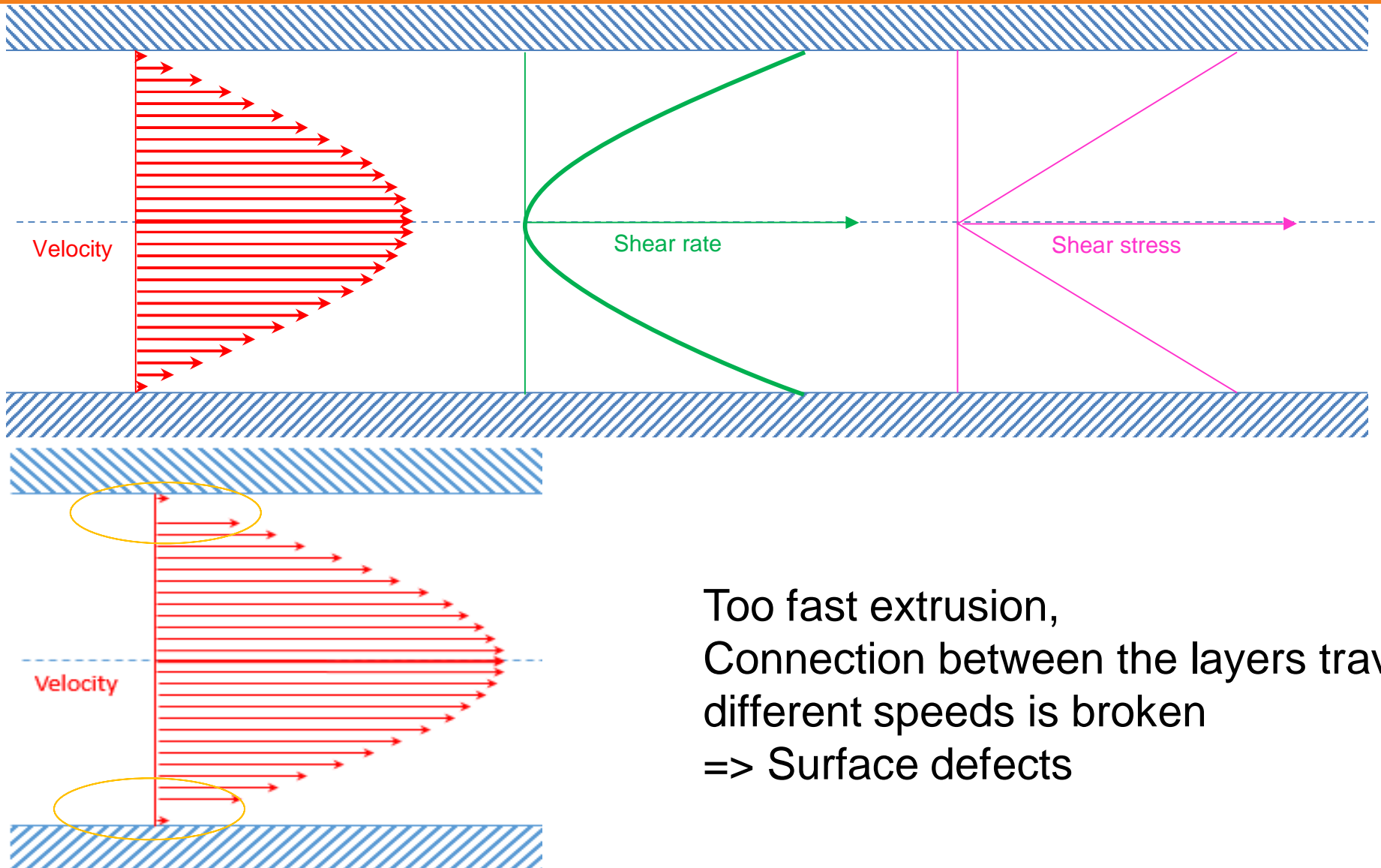
$$DDR = \frac{D_d^2 - D_t^2}{d_i^2 - d_o^2}$$

$$DRB = \frac{\frac{D_d}{d_o}}{\frac{D_t}{d_i}}$$





Melt fracture ;  
Above the critical shear rate



Too fast extrusion,  
Connection between the layers traveling at  
different speeds is broken  
=> Surface defects

# Thank you for your attention

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